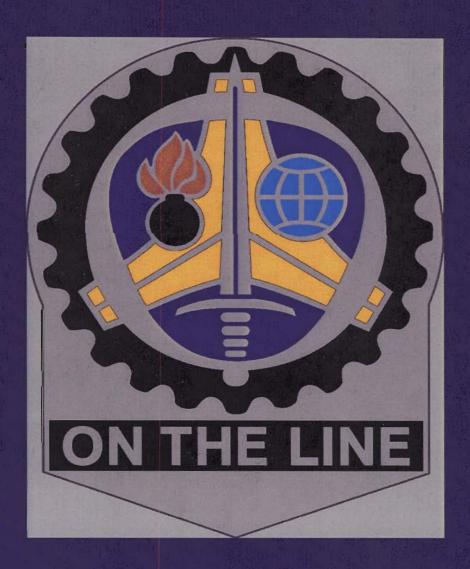
INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

For

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT



March 2001

INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

For

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT



March 2001

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Installation Action Plan (IAP) is to outline the total multi-year restoration program for an installation. The plan will define Installation Restoration Program (IRP) requirements and propose a comprehensive approach and associated costs to conduct future investigations and remedial actions at each Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) at the installation and other areas of concern.

In an effort to coordinate planning information between the IRP manager, major army commands (MACOMs), installations, executing agencies, regulatory agencies, and the public, an IAP has been completed for the Radford Army Ammunition Plant (RFAAP). The IAP is used to track requirements, schedules and tenative budgets for all major Army installation restoration programs.

All site specific funding and schedule information has been prepared according to projected overall Army funding levels and is therefore subject to change during the document's annual review. Under current project funding, all remedies will be in place at the RFAAP by the end of 2014.

APPROVAL

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT

JAMES J. MCKENNA

Remedial Project Manager

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

RODNEY K. ALSTON

LTC, CM Commanding

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

CONCURRENCE

ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND

KRISHNA GANTA
Environmental Restoration Program Manager
ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND

APPROVAL FY2001

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT

TOM JACKSON

Environmental Counsel, MSC

TONY SPARR

MSC Environmental Restoration Program Manager, MSC

Lony E. Spaar

ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND

APPROVAL

MR. JEWEL SIMMONS

Environmental Restoration Program Manager

CONTRIBUTORS TO THIS YEAR'S IAP

NAME

ORGANIZATION

Steve Cole Rob Davie

George Gricius

Joe King Jim McKenna

Jerry Redder Pete Rissell

Tony Spaar John Tesner Rob Thomson

Katie Watson Sher Zaman Restoration Advisory Board Radford Army Ammunition Plant

HQ, Forces Command

HQ, Army Environmental Center Radford Army Ammunition Plant Alliant Ammunition and Powder HQ, Army Environmental Center

HQ, U.S. Army Operations Support Command U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Superfund

Division IRP Support

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District

μg/dL	micrograms per deciliter
µg/g	micrograms per gram
μg/L	micrograms per liter
135TNB	1,3,5-trinitrobenzene
13DNB	1,3-dinitrobenzene
2,4-D	2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid
246TNT	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene
24DNT	2,4-dinitrotoluene
26DNT	2,6-dinitrotoluene
ACD	Air Curtain Destructor
Acetone	a compound used in propellant manufacture
ACM	asbestos-containing material
ACO	Administrative Contracting Officer
Alliant Ammunition and Powder Company, L.L.C.	Operating Contractor for Radford Army Ammunition Plant
AOP	ammonia oxidation process
argillaceous	containing clay or clay minerals, clayey
AST	aboveground storage tank
bgs	below ground surface
Blacksburg, Virginia	located approximate 10 miles east of Radford, Virginia
BRA	baseline risk assessment
	one of four major soil types occurring in all the areas of concern
	of the Main Section of RFAAP, it underlies 14 SWMUs located in
Braddock Loam	the interior region of the Horseshoe Area
	rock consisting of sharp fragments embedded in a fine-grained
breccia	matrix
BTAG	Biological Technical Assistance Group
CaCO3	calcium carbonate
CAMBL	Continuous Automated Multi-Base Line
CASBL	Continuous Automated Single-Base Line
CaSO4	calcium sulfate
	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and
CERCLA	Liability Act
CIL	Canadian Industries, Limited
cm/sec	centimeters per second
CMS, CMI	Corrective Measures Study, Investigation
COC	chemical of concern
cryolite	potassium aluminum fluoride
DES	Design
DCA	1,1-dichloroethane
	an inert, gelatinizing agent used in propellant manufacture to
	improve physical and processing characteristics, including
di-n-butyl phthalate	decreasing the propellant ignitability
diphenylamine	a principal stabilizer for nitrocellulose
	CaMg(C03)2, a compact limestone / a sedimentary carbonate
	rock composed of the mineral dolomite, which differs from
dolomite/dolostone	limestone in not reacting as vigorously to hydrochloric acid

DSERTS	Defense Site Environmental Restoration Tracking System
dye trace study	a study to identify groundwater flow paths
EE/CA	Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
	a geologic formation underlying most of RFAAP, characterized by
Elbrook Formation	Cambrian-aged carbonates and clastic rocks
EM	electromagnetic
EP	extraction procedure
ethyl centralite	stabilizer for nitrocellulose
FAL	Fly Ash Landfill
FLFA	Former Lead Furnace Area
FS	Feasibility Study
ft/day	feet per day
ft/ft	feet per foot
ft/yr	feet per year
FY	Fiscal Year
	trade name for a truck-mounted drilling unit designed to advance
Geoprobe	surface and subsurface soil borings
GOCO	government-owned, contractor-operated
GPR	ground-penetrating radar
GQA	groundwater quality assessment
HBN	health-based number
HCOC	hazardous constituent of concern
	Her Majesty's Explosive, a colorless solid used in various kinds
	of explosives and rocket fuels; also known as
HMX	cyclotetramethylenitetranitramine
Horseshoe Area	Part of the Main Manufacturing Area
HWMŪ	hazardous waste management unit
ICF KE	ICF Kaiser Engineers, a contractor used by RFAAP
IDW	Investigative-Derived Waste
IRA	Interim Remedial Action
IRDMIS	Installation Restoration Data Management Information System
IRP	Installation Restoration Program
ISP	Incinerator Spray Pond
IT	The IT Group, a contractor used by RFAAP
karst	geology consisting of sinkholes, caverns, and caves
LAP	Load, Assemble and Pack
LOEL	lowest-observed-effect-level
LTM ————————————————————————————————————	Long-Term Monitoring
May Moodows Propoio	a geologic rock unit abundant in the southeastern region of the Horseshoe Area
Max Meadows Breccia	
MCA	Military Construction Army
McCrady/Drica Formation	a geologic formation underlying the eastern border of RFAAP,
McCrady/Price Formation	characterized by Mississippian-aged shales and mudstones

methyl centralite	stabilizer for nitrocellulose
mg/kg	milligrams per kilogram
mgd	million gallons per day
	Main Manufacturing Area, one of the two installation areas, which
MMA	includes the Horseshoe Area
msl	mean sea level
	methyl tert-butylether, an oygenate compound blended in
МТВЕ	gasoline as an octane enhancer
NAC	nitric acid concentration
NC	Nitrocellulose
ND	not detected
NE	not evaluated
	a river that flows through the MMA of RFAAP and forms the
New River	Horseshoe Area
NFA	No Further Action
NG	nitroglycerin
nitrated glycols	an energetic plasticizer used in propellant manufacture
Nitrocellulose Line A-Rainwater Ditch	Area A
nitroglycerin	an energetic plasticizer used in propellant manufacture
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	a principal stabilizer for nitrocellulose
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
	,
NQLs	nominal quantification limits
NROW	New River Ordnance Works
	New River Unit, one of the two installation areas, which is located
NRU	about one mile north of Claytor Lake
nt	not tested
	an acidic rust stripper consisting of phosphoric acid and butyl
Oakite	cellosolve
OB	Open Burn
O&M	operation and maintenance
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PA	Preliminary Assessment
PAH	polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
PFWWTP	Peppers Ferry Wastewater Treatment Plant
	a polynuclear aromatic compound generally associated with
phenanthrene	petroleum products
POL	Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants
potassium aluminum fluoride	cryolite
	an alkali metal salt used as a flash reducer in propellant
potassium nitrate	manufacture
<u> </u>	an alkali metal salt used as a flash reducer in propellant
 potassium sulfate	manufacture
ppb	parts per billion
ppm	parts per million
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
psi	pounds per square inch
<u> -</u>	

QA/QC	quality assurance/quality control
QC	quality control
RA	Remedial Action
RA (C)	Remedial Action-Construction
RA (O)	Remedial Action-Operation
RAB	Restoration Advisory Board
	location of RFAAP, approximately 10 miles west of Blacksburg,
Radford, Virginia	Virginia, and 47 miles southwest of Roanoke, Virginia
RBC	risk-based concentration
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RD	Remedial Design
	Royal Dutch Explosive, a white powder used as an explosive and
	in combination with other ingredients in explosives; also known
RDX	as cyclonite
	a waste product generated during TNT production that includes
	alpha-, beta-, and gamma-TNT isomers and TNT sodium
red water	disulfates
REM	Removal
RFAAP	Radford Army Ammunition Plant
RFA	RCRA Facility Assessment
RfD	reference dose
RFI	RCRA Facility Investigation
RI	remedial investigation
RIP	Remedy In Place
ROD	Record of Decision
ROW	Radford Ordnance Works
RQD	rock quality density
RRSE	Relative Risk Site Evaluation
SAC	sulfuric acid concentration
	soft, disintegrated, usually more or less decomposed rock
saprolite	remaining in its original place
SAR	sulfuric acid regeneration
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
SCS	Soil Conservation Service
sellite	sodium sulfite
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SO3	sulfur trioxide
soda ash	sodium carbonate
SOP	standard operating procedure
SSL	soil screening level
	largest local tributary of the New River, it flows through the
Stroubles Creek	southeast sector of RFAAP
SVOC	semivolatile organic compound
SWMU	solid waste management unit
TAL	target analyte list
TCE	trichloroethylene

TCL	target compound list
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure
	2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethylnitramine, an intermediary detonating
	agent for less sensitive high explosives and as a booster charge
	in certain military munitions, its use was discontinued in the
TETRYL	United States in 1979
TIC	tentatively identified compound
TKN	total kjeldahl nitrogen
TNT	trinitrotoluene
TNT Waste Acid Neutralization Pits	SWMU 51
тос	total organic carbon
TOX	total organic halogen
TPH	total petroleum hydrocarbon
UBK	uptake biokinetic
Underground Fuel Oil Spill	Area O
	one of four major soil types occurring in all the areas of concern
	of the Main Section of RFAAP, it underlies most of the
Unison-Urban Land Complex	Manufacturing Area
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USACHPPM	U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine
USAEC	U.S. Army Environmental Center
	U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency (replaced by
USAEHA	USACHPPM)
	U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (replaced by
USATHAMA	USAEC)
USCS	Unified Soil Classification System
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
USEPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
UST	underground storage tank
	a physiographic division of the Appalachian Mountain chain, the
	environmental location of the RFAAP Main Section and NRU,
	which is characterized by a series of long, narrow, flat-topped
Valley and Ridge Province	mountain ridges separated by valleys of varying widths
VDEQ	Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
VDWM	Virginia Department of Waste Management
VHWMR	Virginia Hazardous Waste Management Regulations
VI	Verification Investigation
VOC	volatile organic compound
VPDES	Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
wg	a small cavity in a rock or vein, often lined with crystals
	one of four major soil types occurring in all the areas of concern
l	of the Main Section of RFAAP, it constitutes about 25 percent of
Wheeling Sandy Loam	the upland regions of the Horseshoe Area at RFAAP
XRF	X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

DSERTS / SWMU CHART

DSERTS to SWMU CONVERSION

```
RFAAP-001
            (SWMU 51)
RFAAP-002
            (SWMU 71)
RFAAP-003
            (SWMU 69)
RFAAP-004
            (SWMU 74)
RFAAP-005
            (SWMU 13)
RFAAP-006
            (Area F)
RFAAP-007
            (SWMU 28)
RFAAP-008
            (SWMU 27)
RFAAP-009
            (SWMU 40)
RFAAP-010
            (SWMU 8, 9, 35, 36, 38, Area A)
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            (SWMU 41)
RFAAP-012
            (SWMU 6)
RFAAP-013
            (SWMU 49)
RFAAP-014
            (SWMU 54)
RFAAP-015
            (SWMU 26)
RFAAP-016
            (SWMU 39)
RFAAP-017
            (SWMU 53)
RFAAP-018
            (SWMU 48)
RFAAP-019
            (SWMU 32)
RFAAP-020
            (SWMU 29)
RFAAP-021
            (SWMU 46)
RFAAP-022
            (SWMU 57)
RFAAP-023
            (SWMU 43)
RFAAP-024
            (SWMU 45)
RFAAP-025
            (SWMU 50)
RFAAP-026
            (SWMU 31)
RFAAP-027
            (SWMU 58)
RFAAP-028
            (SWMU 59)
RFAAP-029
            (SWMU 52)
RFAAP-030
            (SWMU 17)
RFAAP-031
            (Area Q)
RFAAP-032
            (SWMUs 61,75,76)
RFAAP-033
            (SWMU 68)
RFAAP-035
            (SEWERLINES)
RFAAP-036
            (SWMU 10)
RFAAP-037
            (Area P)
RFAAP-038
            (Area O)
RFAAP-039
            (HWMU 16)
RFAAP-040
            (FLFA)
RFAAP-041
            (HWMU 4)
RFAAP-042
            (HWMU 5)
RFAAP-043
            (HWMU 7)
RFAAP-044
            (N.R.U.)
RFAAP-045
            (BLDG 4343)
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SWMU / DSERTS CHART

SWMU to DSERTS CONVERSION

```
SWMU 6
            (RFAAP-012)
SWMUs 8, 9, 35, 36, 38, Area A (RFAAP-010)
SWMU 10
            (RFAAP-036)
SWMU 13
            (RFAAP-005)
            (RFAAP-030)
SWMU 17
SWMU 26
            (RFAAP-015)
SWMU 27
            (RFAAP-008)
SWMU 28
            (RFAAP-007)
SWMU 29
            (RFAAP-020)
SWMU 31
            (RFAAP-026)
SWMU 32
            (RFAAP-019)
SWMU 39
            (RFAAP-016)
SWMU 40
            (RFAAP-009)
SWMU 41
            (RFAAP-011)
SWMU 43
            (RFAAP-023)
SWMU 45
            (RFAAP-024)
SWMU 46
            (RFAAP-021)
SWMU 48
            (RFAAP-018)
SWMU 49
            (RFAAP-013)
SWMU 50
            (RFAAP-025)
SWMU 51
            (RFAAP-001)
SWMU 52
            (RFAAP-029)
SWMU 53
            (RFAAP-017)
SWMU 54
            (RFAAP-014)
SWMU 57
            (RFAAP-022)
SWMU 58
            (RFAAP-027)
SWMU 59
            (RFAAP-028)
SWMUs 61,75,76 (RFAAP-032)
SWMU 68
            (RFAAP-033)
SWMU 69
             (RFAAP-003)
SWMU 71
             (RFAAP-002)
SWMU 74
            (RFAAP-004)
Area F
             (RFAAP-006)
Area O
            (RFAAP-038)
Area P
             (RFAAP-037)
Area Q
             (RFAAP-031)
HWMU 4
             (RFAAP-041)
HWMU 5
             (RFAAP-042)
HWMU 7
             (RFAAP-043)
HWMU 16
            (RFAAP-039)
BLDG 4343
             (RFAAP-045)
FLFA
             (RFAAP-040)
N.R.U.
            (RFAAP-044)
SEWERLINES (RFAAP-035)
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REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

Past Removal / Interim Remedial Action / Remedial Action Assessment 1
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SUMMARY

SUMMARY

STATUS |

RCRA Corrective Action Permit (Sept 2000) - EPA and Virginia HRS of 43 (Internal Score)

NUMBER OF DSERTS SITES:

44 DSERTS sites

30 Active ER.A Eligible Sites 14 Response Complete

DIFFERENT DSERTS SITE TYPES:

Burn Areas

Contaminated Buildings Above Ground Storage Tank

Landfills
Surface Impoundment/Lagoons
Underground Storage Tanks

Storage Areas
Spill Site Areas

Other

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Explosives, Metals, POL, VOCs, SVOCs

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil, Sediment, Surface Water

COMPLETED REM/IRA/RA:

- IRM at RAAP-003,SWMU #69, 1994 (\$80,000)
- IRM at RAAP-023,SWMU #43, 1997 (\$105,000)
- IRM at RAAP-033,SWMU #68, 1997 (\$147,702)
- IRM at RAAP-040, FLFA, 1998 (\$98,673)
- IRM at RAAP-045, NRU, 1998 (\$395,533)
- IRM at RAAP-014, SWMU #54, 1998 & 1999 (\$1,899,900)
- IRM at RAAP-045, NRU, 1999 (\$107,400)

CURRENT IRP PHASES:

RC at 14 sites

RFI at 26 sites

LTM at 5 sites

PROJECTED IRP PHASES:

CMS at 11 sites RD at 13 sites CMI at 13 sites CMO at 1 sites LTM at 11 sites RC at 16 sites

IDENTIFIED POSSIBLE REM/IRA/RA:

Source removal at 15 sites Air Sparging at one site. Capping at 2 sites.

FUNDING:

PRIOR YEAR THROUGH 2000: \$ 15,959.9 K FY2001: \$ 2,775.8 K FUTURE REQUIREMENTS: \$ 40.637.2 K TOTAL: \$ 59,372.9 K

DURATION:

YEAR OF IRP INCEPTION: 1990
YEAR OF IRP COMPLETION EXCLUDING LTM: 2014
YEAR OF IRP COMPLETION INCLUDING LTM: 2020

INSTALLATION INFORMATION & DESCRIPTION

INSTALLATION INFORMATION

LOCALE

RFAAP is located in the western part of Virginia, approximately 40 miles west of Roanoke. RFAAP consists of 4,000 acres in mountainous terrain. The New River flows through the installation. Land usage in the area is primarily agricultural with some residential use.

COMMAND ORGANIZATION

MAJOR COMMAND: U.S. Army Materiel Command; Engineering, Housing, Environmental and Installation Logistics, Environmental Quality Division

SUBCOMMAND: U.S. Army Operations Support Command

INSTALLATION: RFAAP, Restoration Program Manager. RFAAP is a government owned, contractor operated facility. Alliant Techsystems Corporation is the operating contractor.

INSTALLATION RESTORATION PROGRAM (IRP) EXECUTING AGENCY

- Investigation Phase Executing Agency: Radford Army Ammunition Plant and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACE), Baltimore District
- Remedial Design/Action Phase Executing Agency: The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACE), Baltimore Districts as well as some IRAs conducted through Radford Army Ammunition Plant.

REGULATOR PARTICIPATION

FEDERAL: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region III (RCRA and Office of Superfund)

STATE: Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

REGULATORY STATUS

- Non-NPL (National Priorities List), but future listing is probable. EPA Region III, Office of Superfund has shown strong interest in RFAAP-044, The New River Unit in Dublin, VA.
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Permit, September 26, 2000

MAJOR CHANGES TO ACTION PLAN FROM PREVIOUS YEAR (FY 00)

- The Baltimore District is now the executing agency.
- The first IAP Workshop was conducted in September, 2000.

INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION

Radford Army Ammunition Plant (RFAAP) is located in the mountains of southwest Virginia in Pulaski and Montgomery Counties. RFAAP consists of two noncontiguous areas: Main Manufacturing Area (MMA) and New River Unit (NRU). The MMA is located approximately 5 miles northeast of the city of Radford, Virginia which is approximately 10 miles west of Blacksburg and 47 miles southwest of Roanoke. The New River Unit is located about 6 miles west of the Main Area, near the town of Dublin.

RFAAP lies in one of a series of narrow valleys typical of the eastern range of the Appalachian Mountains. Oriented in a northeast-southwest direction, the valley is approximately 25 miles long, 8 miles in width at southeast end and narrowing to 2 miles in the northeast end. RFAAP lies along the New River in the relatively narrow northeastern corner of the valley. The New River divides RFAAP into two areas. The "Horseshoe Area" (which is part of the Main Manufacturing Area) exists within a meander of the New River.

RFAAP's primary mission, the manufacturing of propellants, began in 1941 and continues today. Since 1968, RFAAP has also produced TNT on an intermittent basis. RFAAP's TNT facilities have been in stand-by status since the mid 1980s. The working population at RFAAP varies greatly with mission requirements. There are currently about 1,500 employees at RFAAP.

CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT

In a RCRA Facility Assessment completed by EPA in 1987, 98 Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) were identified. The initial requirements for the corrective action process were specified in a RCRA permit issued by EPA in 1989. A new permit which governs corrective action was issued in Fall, 2000. The first phase of investigations at the SWMUs was completed in October 1992. Various investigations and actions have since been completed and submitted to the EPA and the Commonwealth of Virginia. EPA and the Commonwealth of Virginia are currently reviewing results of these investigations. In some cases SWMUs are grouped together based on similar histories or proximity.

The primary contaminants of concern at RFAAP include metals and explosives. Groundwater within the RFAAP boundaries has been impacted. Groundwater is believed to eventually discharge to the New River. Off-post groundwater has not been impacted. Efforts are underway to delineate impacts to groundwater. These efforts are complicated due to the presence of karst geology (highly fractured and channelized limestone).

PREVIOUS STUDIES

The following documents were submitted to the EPA in accordance with the 1989 RCRA permit:

- 1. Verification Investigation Report, Dames and Moore, October 29, 1992 Draft Final.
- 2. The following sections of the 1992 VI were revised by: Draft Section 7.0 SWMUs 10 and 35, Dames and Moore, September 8, 1994; Draft Section 9.0 SWMUs 27,29 and 53, Dames and Moore, August 19, 1994; Draft Section 11.0 SWMU 39, Dames and Moore August 31, 1994; Draft Section 24.0 SWMU 71, Dames and Moore, August 19, 1994.
- 3. RCRA Facility Investigation Report, Dames and Moore, October 29, 1992, Draft Final.
- 4. Draft Section 8.0, SMWU O, Dames and Moore, September 16, 1994 of the 1992 RFI report.
- 5. SWMU 69 Closure Report, Dames & Moore, Draft. August 1994.
- RCRA Facility Investigation for Solid Waste Management Units 17, 31,48, 54, Parsons Engineering and Science, Inc., Draft. January 1996.
- 7. New River and Tributaries Study, Radford Army Ammunition Plant, Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. December 1997.
- 8. Site Management Plan, ICF Kaiser Engineers, Inc., May 1997 and May 1998.
- 9. RFAAP Master Workplan, Draft Final, April 1998.
- 10. SWMU 68 Closure Report, Draft Final. April, 1998.
- 11. Ecological Risk Assessment Approach, Main Manufacturing Area and New River Unit, October 1998.
- 12. Closure Documentation for Solid Waste Management Unit 10, Biological Treatment Plant Equalization Basin, Radford Army Ammunition Plant, Radford, VA, Final. December 8, 1998.
- 13. Closure Report for the Eastern Lagoon of SWMU 8. Final December 1998.
- 14. Supplemental RFI for SWMU 54, Draft, December 1998.
- 15. RCRA Facility Investigation Report for SWMUs 31, 39,48,49,& 58, Draft, ICF Kaiser, January 1999.

PREVIOUS STUDIES

- 16. Workplan Addenda for SMWU 54 Interim Stablilization Measure, ATK, Draft Final January 1999.
- 17. Workplan Addendum 8: RI/FS for the Northern and Western Burning Grounds (at the NRU) and RFI for Building 4343, ICF Kaiser, June 1999.
- 18. Draft Screening Ecological Risk Assessment Report, The IT Group, September 1999.
- 19. Workplan Addendum 009: RFI Activities at Solid Waste Management Units 31, 48, and 49 and Horseshoe Area Groundwater Study, The IT Group, November 1999.
- 20. Workplan Addendum 010: Background Study, August 2000.

SITE DESCRIPTIONS ER, A DSERTS SITES

RFAAP-001 SWMU NO. 51 TNT WASTE ACID NEUTRALIZATION PITS

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 51 is located on a plateau in the southeastern section of the Horseshoe Area and consists of one unlined trench, approximately 20 feet wide by 200 feet long. An estimated 10 tons of red water ash was reportedly disposed of in the trench from 1968-1972. Additionally, the trench was used for disposal of TNT neutralization sludge from the treatment of red water in the 1970's. The pits were backfilled and revegetated.

A RCRA Facility Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) evaluated groundwater and soil samples and a CMS was recommended. The concentrations of COCs exceeded health based numbers (HBNs) and could indicate risk under an industrial worker scenario.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collect groundwater and soil samples for the site screening process and for a quantitative human health risk assessment, as applicable. Due to the nature of the karst geology, source removal is recommended.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
metals, explosives, VOCs, and SVOC
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil and Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ PHASE RI/FS 539 IRA RD 41 1148 RA(C) RA(O) 51.3 LTM 78.6 25.6 PROJECTED TOTAL: \$1,883,500

RFAAP-002 SWMU NO. 71 FLASH BURN PARTS AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 71 consists of an open, hard-packed gravel area approximately 25 feet wide by 50 feet long. The SWMU was used between 1962 to 1982 to flash-burn metal process pipes contaminated with propellant. The pipes were then reused or sold for scrap.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) detected metals and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) from soil samples which led to a Supplementary VI (Dames & Moore 1994). A dye-trace study (Engineering-Science 1993) indicated a conduit to the New River.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMENANTS OF CONCERN:

metals and total petroleum hydrocarbons MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC

PROPOSED PLAN

Soil samples will be collected to confirm previous investigative results and provide additional data to support a quantitative human health risk assessment. No further action is anticipated.



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS						224.5	
IRA							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)							
LTM							
	DDO	TECT	EB TY	TAIL	6224	500	To the

RFAAP-005 SWMU NO. 13 WASTE PROPELLANT BURNING GROUND

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 13, approximately 20 acres in size, is located in the southeast section of the Horseshoe Area on the northern bank of the New River within the 100-year floodplain. The SWMU has been used for the burning of waste explosives, propellants, and laboratory wastes (propellant and explosive residues, samples, and analytical residues) since manufacturing operations began at RFAAP in 1941. Until 1985 burning was conducted on the soil. From that time burning is performed in pans.

A RCRA Facility Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) evaluated groundwater quality and potential soil contamination for explosives, VOCs, SVOCs, and heavy metals.

The concentrations of these COCs exceeded health based numbers (HBNs) and could indicate risk under an industrial worker scenario.

PROPOSED PLAN

The RFI will be completed. Groundwater monitoring will continue to ensure that the COCs are not migrating beyond the burning ground boundaries. Soil contamination will be addressed as part of the Closure Plan when closure occurs. The proposed remedy is a RCRA quality cap.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, VOC's, SVOC's, explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE: CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS						676.3	
IRA							
RD						172.8	
RA(C)							5231.9
RA(O)							
LTM							1207.1
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$7,288,100							

RFAAP-009 SWMU NO. 40 LANDFILL NITRO AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 40 was reportedly used as a sanitary landfill in the 1970s and early 1980s for the disposal of uncontaminated paper, municipal refuse, cement, and rubber tires. It is not known whether hazardous wastes or wastes containing hazardous constituents were ever disposed of in the landfill. Between 1991 and 1992, a fenced enclosure for asbestos storage was constructed over the northeast corner of this SWMU. The unit was strictly an area fill, and the unit was closed with a soil cap and grass cover. The landfill is approximately 1 acre in size.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) attempted to install four monitoring wells, which could not be sampled as the four borings were dry. A dye-trace study was conducted in the adjacent area (Engineering-Science 1993 and 1994) to identify groundwater flow paths in the south-central section of the Main Manufacturing Area. A RCRA Facility Investigation Study (Parsons Engineering-Science 1996) included the collection and analysis of one groundwater sample. The groundwater sample collection location is not known.

PROPOSED PLAN

Soil and groundwater sampling will be conducted.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A) CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater, Surface Water

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS	265		-27				
IRA							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)				1			
LTM							
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$265,000							

RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 35 CASO4 DRYING BED

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 35 is an unlined Calcium Sulfate Drying Bed 160 feet by 80 feet with approximately 8 feet of sediment remaining in the basin. The SWMU is located along the New River in the northeast section of the Main Manufacturing Area immediately east of SWMU 10 and west of and adjacent to SWMU 8. Calcium sulfate sludge was dredged from SWMU 8 prior to 1980 and pumped into SWMU 35. RFAAP reported that sediment from SWMU 10 was also deposited in SWMU 35 during the early 1980s.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) and a Supplemental VI (Dames & Moore 1994) were performed that included groundwater sampling. Explosives and metals in soil, groundwater, surface water and sediment exceeded HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collect samples from available media to support an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA).

Approximately 1500 cy of soil will be removed, transported and disposed as hazardous waste.

The funding reflected on this site page includes activities for the following SWMUs: 35, 37, 38, and Area A.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

explosives, metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater, Sediment, Surface Water

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI

SWMU 35, CaSO4 DRYING BED

PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS		396					
IRA							
RD				27.2			
RA(C)					1431.2		
RA(O)							
LTM							
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$1,854,400							

RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 37 CASO4 DRYING BED

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 37 is an unlined drying bed approximately 100 feet long, 80 feet wide, and 8 feet deep located in the northwest section of the Main Manufacturing Area. The SWMU is immediately southwest of and adjacent to SWMU 9 and received calcium sulfate sludge. Beds have been inactive since the 1980s.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) included the collection of one composite sludge sample to determine whether concentrations exceeded permit levels for VOCs, SVOCs, and TCLP metals. Although VOCs and SVOCs were detected, reported results were below permit levels.

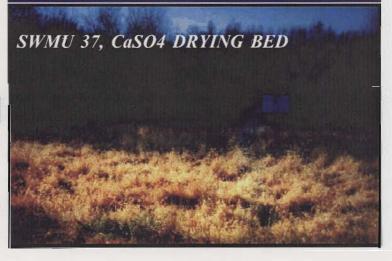
PROPOSED PLAN

Collect samples from available media to support an EE/CA.

Funding associated with this site is reflected on the site page for SWMU-35.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
metals, explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater, Surface Water
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:
CMS, DES, CMI



RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 38 CASO4 DRYING BED

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 38 is an unlined drying bed approximately 225 feet long, 40 feet wide, and 8 feet deep located in the northwest section of the Main Manufacturing Area. The drying bed received calcium sulfate sludge and, when it reached capacity, the overflow was pumped to Area Q via pipes that ran through a depression in the berm surrounding the drying bed. Beds have been inactive since the 1980s.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) included the collection of one composite sludge sample to determine whether concentrations exceeded permit specifications for VOCs, SVOCs, and TCLP metals. The limited data indicates no exceedances of 1989 HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collect samples from available media to support a site evaluation.

Funding associated with this site is reflected on the site page for SWMU-35.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A) CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Explosives, metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater, Surface Water

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

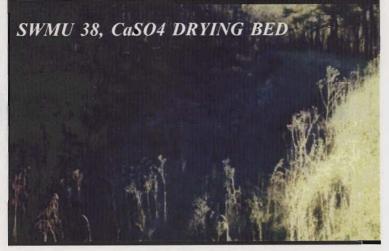
RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI



RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. AREA A NITROCELLULOSE RAINWATER DITCH

SITE DESCRIPTION

Area A is located in the eastern portion of the Main Manufacturing Area, near Building 1558 in the Nitrocellulose Line-A production area. It was identified during the April 1987 Visual Site Inspection as a 1-foot-deep soil depression that received runoff from the A-Line (Visual Inspection Field Notes 1987). The area was void of vegetation and exhibited discolored soil. The nature and extent of contamination associated with Area A is not known.

PROPOSED PLAN

A historical background study will be conducted. No further action is anticipated.

Funding associated with this site is reflected on the site page for SWMU-35.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A) CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: metals MEDIA OF CONCERN:

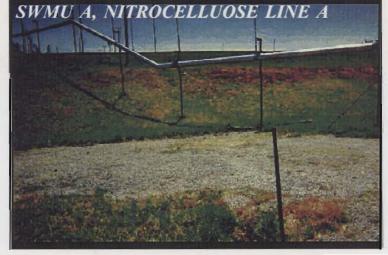
Sediment

COMPLETED IRP PHASE: RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



RFAAP-011 SWMU NO. 41 RED WATER ASH BURIAL GROUND

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 41 is located in the Main Manufacturing Area and consists of two non-contiguous disposal areas for red water ash. The northern area consisted of an an unlined lagoon approximately 50 feet by 70 feet, which was backfilled. The southern area consisted of a clay-lined disposal area approximately 100 feet by 150 feet. Prior to the construction of the red water treatment plant, red water was concentrated by evaporation and burned in four rotary kilns located in the TNT manufacturing area. The ash produced from these kilns was disposed of in SWMU 41 from 1967 to 1971.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) included the collection and analysis of groundwater samples near the landfill, ash and soil samples from the lagoon north of the landfill, and a surface water sample from Stroubles Creek.

Data from the VI indicate explosives and metals in soil and SVOCs and metals in groundwater above HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

An RFI will be performed.

A one-acre cap/cover will be constructed.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, Explosives, SVOC's
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE 2001 2006 2007+ PHASE 2002 2003 2004 2005 504.9 RI/FS **IRA** RD 66.4 664.2 RA(C) RA(O) 42.9 756.1 LTM PROJECTED TOTAL: \$2,034,500

RFAAP-012 SWMU NO. 6 ACID WASTEWATER LAGOON

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Acidic Wastewater Lagoon (SWMU 6) was an unlined surface impoundment "tear-dropped" or "triangular" in shape, approximately 80 feet long by 30 feet wide at its widest point. The lagoon received overflows and rinse waters from an acid storage tank area in the C-Line NC manufacturing area from 1974 to 1980. These wastewaters typically exhibited the characteristic of a corrosive liquid (D002). The C-Line NC manufacturing area and the acid wastewater lagoon were shut down between 1980 and 1987. The lagoon was filled with soil in 1987.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected and evaluated soil and groundwater samples for metals. Metal concentrations were detected below health-based levels.

A construction project is scheduled in the area of this site. Excavation and confirmation sampling will be included in the construction project.

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation will be prepared.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk (2A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Explosives, metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

RFAAP-013 SWMU NO. 49 RED WATER ASH BURIAL #2

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 49 is approximately 75 feet by 50 feet and is located in the Horseshoe Area, contiguous with SWMUs 48, 50 and 59. The four SWMUs were classified together during the 1980s because no distinction could be made between the areas by visual observation. SWMU 48 was later divided into an upper and a lower disposal area, and SWMU 49 was determined to be the part of the SWMU 48 lower disposal unit. SWMU 49 reportedly received 10 tons of redwater ash during its active life.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) and a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) (Parsons Engineering-Science 1996) were conducted to determine the impacts to groundwater quality and soil. Supplementary RFI activities (ICF Kaiser 1998) included the verification of previous RFI results. Metals, VOCs and SVOCs were detected above HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation for SWMU-49 only will be prepared under this DSERTS site.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Explosives, metals, SVOC's, VOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
LTM
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS IRA IRA<

RFAAP-014 SWMU NO. 54 PROPELLANT BURNING ASH DISPOSAL AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 54 is an inactive disposal area situated on approximately 5 acres within the easternmost section of the Horseshoe Area. The SWMU was used during the 1970s for disposal of the Propellant Burning Ground (SWMU 13) ash.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992), a RCRA Facility Investigation (Parsons Engineering-Science 1996) and a Supplemental RFI (ICF Kaiser 1997) were conducted. Soil and groundwater samples were taken in these efforts. Soil data indicates the presence of metals, VOCs and explosives in exceedance of HBNs.

An interim removal action (Parallax 1999) was performed to remove "hot spots" associated with lead. However, there is reason to believe that contaminated soil still exists.

PROPOSED PLAN

An RFI will be conducted. It is anticipated that approximately 1675 cy of soil will be excavated and disposed as hazardous waste.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Explosives, Metals, VOC's
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

COMPLETED IRP PHASE

CURRENT IRP PHASE: RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE: CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+			
RI/FS	655.1									
IRA										
RD		49.7								
RA(C)				1243.8						
RA(O)										
LTM				25.3	44.5	11.1	22.2			
116.45	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$2,051,700									

RFAAP-015 SWMU NO. 26 FLY ASH LANDFILL #1

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 26 is a closed, unlined landfill approximately 1,100 feet long by 250 feet wide originally called FAL No. 1, located in the south-central section of the Horseshoe Area.

Fly ash disposal at SWMU 26 began in 1971 (USATHAMA 1984). The VADEQ granted a solid waste management permit (Permit No. 399) to operate the landfill in April 1983, and it is currently monitored quarterly as a solid waste disposal unit. In addition to fly ash, unknown quantities of calcium sulfate sludge from SWMUs 36, 37, and 38 and asbestos were reportedly disposed of in the landfill (USEPA 1987).

The landfill reached capacity and was closed in 1987. A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) was performed. Quarterly groundwater monitoring is ongoing as required by the VADEQ.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further action under IRP. SWMU 26 is a closed fly ash landfill under state permit No. 399.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: SVOC's MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater **COMPLETED IRP PHASE:**

RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



RFAAP-016 SWMU NO. 39 WASTEWATER PONDS FROM PROPELLANT INCINERATOR

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 39 consists of two unlined earthen ponds located in the north-central section of the Horse-shoe Area, adjacent to and associated with SWMU 14 (Hazardous Waste Incinerator). The settling ponds were excavated approximately 6 to 8 feet into the natural grade. These ponds received overflow from the former incinerator spray pond. Caustic was reportedly added to neutralize the water. The incinerator spray pond has been clean closed for soil. Sludges have never been removed from the ponds.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) and a Supplemental VI (Dames & Moore 1994) which installed and sampled three monitoring wells near the ponds. Metals exceeding HBNs were detected in the soil and groundwater.

A RCRA Facility Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1998) is underway to further characterize potential site releases and refine the hydrogeologic understanding.

PROPOSED PLAN

Evaluate existing data to support a quantitative human health risk assessment

Approximately 7400 cy of soil will be excavated. It is anticipated that approximately 1800 cy of soil will be disposed as hazardous waste. The remaining soil will be disposed as appropriate.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+	
RI/FS	214.7							
IRA								
RÐ					46.2			
RA(C)						1855		
RA(O)								
LTM						54.2	116.6	
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$2,286,700								

RFAAP-017 SWMU NO. 53 ACTIVATED CARBON DISPOSAL AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 53 (Permit 353) is an unlined earthen land-fill located in the southeastern section of the Horseshoe Area. It is located within the boundary of Fly Ash Landfill (FAL) No. 2 (SWMU 29) and is also contiguous with SWMU 27. When observed in 1986, the disposal area was described as a 500-foot-long-by-50-foot-wide plateau of an unknown height. Although the date of disposal is unknown, it is assumed that disposal occurred before October 1981 when FAL No. 2 (SWMU 29) was constructed. It was reported but not confirmed that the activated carbon disposed of at SWMU 53 was from alcohol recovery units (USEPA 1987). Since 1986, the disposal area has been completely covered by subsequent fly ash landfilling operations.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) and a Supplemental VI (Dames & Moore 1994) collected groundwater, surface water and sediment samples. Chemicals of concern are explosives.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding, therefore no further action under the IRP.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-018 SWMU NO. 48 OILY WATER BURIAL AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

USEPA reported this unit as contiguous to SWMU 49 (Red Water Ash Disposal Area), SWMU 50 (Calcium Sulfate Disposal Area) and SWMU 59 (Bottom Ash Pile), with no distinction possible by visual observation. It is estimated that 200,000 gallons or more of oil-contaminated wastewater were disposed in unlined trenches at this unit prior to off-plant used oil recycling.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) and a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) (Parsons Engineering-Science 1996) was conducted to evaluate potential groundwater contamination releases and installed and sampled four monitoring wells. Soil data from the VI indicated the presence of metals and explosives above HBNs. Groundwater data from the VI indicated the presence of chlorinated solvents and metals above HBNs.

Ongoing supplemental RFI activities (ICF Kaiser 1998) include the verification of previous RFI results and the determination of potential site contamination releases. Soil data from the RFI indicated the presence of metals above HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Perform supplemental RFI activities at SWMUs, 48, 49, and 50 to further refine the site conceptual model and support a quantitative human health risk assessment.

Approximately 23,703 will be excavated, but only 5000 cy of soil will be removed, transported and disposed as hazardous waste and the remainder will be disposed as appropriate.

Long term monitoring will be performed for 5 years.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Explosives, Metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA

RFI FUTURE TRP PHASE: CMS, DES, CMI, LTM

CURRENT IRP PHASE:



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE 2005 2006 2007+ PHASE 2001 2003 2004 RI/FS 214.7 IRA RD 209.2 5242.7 RA(C) RA(O) 179.6 LTM PROJECTED TOTAL: \$5.846,200

RFAAP-019 SWMU 32 INERT LANDFILL NO. 1

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 32 is a closed, unlined, 8-acre landfill located in the Horseshoe Area of RFAAP. The unit reportedly began receiving plastics, excavated soil, and inert wastes in 1978 and was permitted by the Virginia Department of Health (Permit No. 400) in April 1983. The unit reached capacity and was closed sometime between July 1986 and April 1987 (USEPA 1987) with a 2-foot clay cap. One area of the landfill is covered with gravel and used for trailer parking.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) was performed that consisted of the installation and sampling of two groundwater monitoring wells. Chemical results demonstrated that groundwater quality had not been impacted by the landfill.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER, A funding. No further action under the IRP. SWMU 32 is closed inert landfill under a state permit.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-020 SWMU NO. 29 FLY ASH LANDFILL # 2

RC

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 29 was constructed in 1981 and was originally listed as an active, unlined earthen landfill located in the southeast section of the Horseshoe Area. The SWMU is approximately 200 feet east of the Closed Sanitary Landfill (SWMU 25). The 10-acre unit was permitted by the Virginia Department of Health in May 1982 (Permit No. 353) as an industrial waste landfill designated to receive fly ash, calcium sulfate sludge, and sludge from water treatment plants.

A Land Disposal Study conducted in 1980 concluded that the site was geologically suitable for ash landfill operations. A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) collected surface water and sediment samples. Supplemental VI activities (Dames & Moore 1994) were undertaken to evaluate groundwater characteristics.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding, therefore no further action under the IRP.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
explosives and metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil and Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-021 SWMU NO. 46 PROPELLANT BURIAL

SITE DESCRIPTION

The reported location of SWMU 46 is a small depression with no outward drainage. Approximately 1 ton of propellants and propellant-contaminated soil were reportedly disposed of at this location because of a railroad derailment in the 1950s (USATHAMA 1976). The actual size of the Waste Propellant Disposal Area is not known. During a March 1990 facility visit, a broken-off sign identifying "BURIED EXPLOSIVE WASTE" was found in a low area between the railroad tracks and the driveway leading to Building 456.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected two soil samples for metals and explosives. No contamination was detected.

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation will be prepared. Based on previous investigation results, no further action is recommended at this time.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals and explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+		
RI/FS		38.7							
IRA									
RD									
RA(C)									
RA(O)									
LTM									
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$38,700									

RFAAP-022 SWMU NO. 57 POND BY BLDS 4931 & 4932

RC

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 57 is designated as an acid settling pond in RFAAP facility drawings and is located in the western section of the Horseshoe Area. SWMU 57 is approximately 30 feet in diameter, surrounded by a gravel berm, and is enclosed by a perimeter fence. The pond is reportedly connected to Building 4931 by an underground pipe. However, available construction plans for the adjacent chromic acid treatment plant do not show this pond.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected one surface water and one sediment sample. No contamination was detected.

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation will be prepared.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk (3A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Sediment, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS 38.7 38.7 0

RFAAP-023 SWMU NO. 43 SANITARY LANDFILL NO. 2

RC

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 43 is a closed, unlined sanitary landfill located immediately adjacent to the New River in the northeast section of the RFAAP Main Manufacturing Area that operated from 1958 to 1969. The exact boundaries of the unit have not been determined because of the unavailability of a site plan or documents. Site was regraded in accordance with VI recommendation. A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) installed six groundwater monitoring wells. Groundwater and surface water data indicates the presence of metals and VOCs which did not exceed HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collect confirmatory samples of available media for closure documentation.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals and VOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS Image: Control of the property of the property

RFAAP-024 SWMU NO. 45 LANDFILL NO. 3

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 45 is an inactive sanitary landfill located in the north-central section of the Main Manufacturing Area that operated between 1957 and 1961. The unit was never operated as a permitted landfill. Paper and municipal refuse were the only materials reportedly disposed of in SWMU 45. Evidence of burning has been observed in the area.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) included monitoring well installation, a geophysical survey, and a baseline human health risk assessment.

PROPOSED PLAN

Limited soil sampling will be performed and existing wells will be resampled. No further action is anticipated.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: SVOC's

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$255,500

RFAAP-025 SWMU NO. 50 CASO4 TREATMENT/DISPOSAL AREA

RC

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 50 is an open area south of SWMU 48 approximately 300 feet long by 300 feet and is located within the Horseshoe Area. Until 1982, SWMU 50 was one of the major disposal areas at RFAAP for sludge removed from the calcium sulfate drying beds (SWMUs 35, 36, 37, 38, and Area Q).

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected two subsurface soil samples. Metals, VOCs and SVOCs were detected above HBNs.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
metals, explosives, SVOCs, VOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil and Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation for SWMU-50 only will be prepared under this DSERTS site.



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS IRA IRA<

RFAAP-026 SWMU NO. 31 COAL ASH SETTLING LAGOONS

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 31 consists of three unlined settling lagoons located in the northwest section of the Horseshoe Area and received flyash wastewater flow from Power House No. 2 when it was operating and filter backwash from the active potable water plant.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) and a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) (Parsons Engineering-Science 1996) collected sludge, groundwater, and subsurface soil samples to determine the migration of metals from the lagoons. Supplemental RFI activities are ongoing (ICF Kaiser 1998) to complete data gaps and to determine future action.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collection of soil, groundwater, and surface water samples to support a no-further action recommendation for SWMU 31.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, SVOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Surface Water, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS 103.7 IRA IRA</td

RFAAP-027 SWMU NO. 58 RUBBLE PILE

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 58 is a rubble pile located in the south-central portion of the Horseshoe Area. The rubble pile is approximately 50 feet high and roughly triangular in shape, with each side approximately 300 feet long. Erosion of the soil cover is evident. The SWMU was reportedly used as a disposal site in 1979. Prior to construction clearing activities, pine trees and surface debris were pushed into a pile and then covered with dirt and fill material. It is believed that no other materials were disposed of at SWMU 58.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) and a RCRA Facility Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1998) was performed to evaluate potential subsurface soil contamination. Analytical results indicate the presence of metals in exceedance of HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Soil sampling will be conducted to confirm the VI data.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk 2A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS					204.5		
IRA							
RD							
RA(C)				1			
RA(O)							
LTM							
	PRO	JECT	ED TO)TAL:	\$204	500	

RFAAP-028 SWMU NO. 59 BOTTOM ASH PILE

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 59, the Bottom Ash Pile, is located near SWMUs 48 and 50 in the Horseshoe Area of RFAAP, approximately 3,400 feet east of the main bridge over the New River. Although there is currently no bottom ash accumulation piles, bottom ash has been spread within the immediate SWMU vicinity.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected soil samples. Soil data indicates metals in exceedance of HBNs. Groundwater data indicates VOCs in exceedance of HBNs.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals, VOC's

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI, LTM

PROPOSED PLAN

Approximately 3,700 cy of soil will be removed, transported and disposed as hazardous waste.

Long term monitoring will be performed for 5 years.



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE										
PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+			
RI/FS			573.4							
IRA										
RD				86						
RA(C)							3453.3			
RA(O)										
LTM							139.2			
	PRO	JECT	ED TO	TAL:	\$4,25	1,900				

RFAAP-029 SWMU NO. 52 CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMUs 52 and 28 are closed sanitary landfill (Permit 401) in the southeastern section of the Horseshoe Area contiguous to and immediately south of the closed RFAAP Hazardous Waste Landfill (HWMU 16). The SWMU reportedly contains three trenches, each approximately 35 feet wide by 500 feet long by 14 feet deep. SWMU 52 was first used in 1976 and was closed in 1984. The landfill was used primarily for the disposal of municipal refuse, though asbestos (in double plastic bags) was also disposed of in this area (USACE 1981).

A RCRA Facility Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) installed four monitoring wells near SWMUs 28 and 52. Because of the proximate nature of SWMUs 28 and 52 and the similar disposal methods used at each SWMU, one combined study area was delineated for the RFI. Explosives, metals, VOCs and SVOCs have been detected in wells located at HWMU-16. The contamination is not attributed to SWMUs 28 and 52.

PROPOSED PLAN

Actions to be addressed under RFAAP-039 (HWMU-16)

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



RFAAP-030 SWMU NO. 17 AIR CURTAIN DESTRUCTOR & OPEN BURNING GROUND

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 17 is located in the south-central part of the Main Manufacturing and is used for burning wastes potentially contaminated with explosives or propellants. The SWMU is subdivided into five separate areas (A through E) based on history and operations. SWMU 17A, the Stage and Burn Area, is used to stage large metallic and combustible items contaminated with propellants and explosives. Decontaminated scrap metal is removed and sold for recycling. SWMU 17B is the Air Curtain Destructor (ACD) Staging Area. SWMU 17C, the Air Curtain Destructor (ACD), is where contaminated wastes small enough to feed into the burn chamber are burned. SWMU 17D, the Ash Staging Area, is used for accumulating and storing ACD ash and scrap metal prior to disposal. SWMU 17E, the Runoff Drainage Basin is an unlined settling basin that receives surface water runoff from the ACD and Ash Staging Area.

The RCRA Facility Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) collected surface and subsurface soil, surface water, and sediment samples in the five component areas of the unit. A dye-trace study (Engineering-Science 1994) identified a direct conduit between 17A and the New River, evidenced by the recovery of dye within a 24-hour period of injection.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not ER,A eligible. No further action under IRP.

When operations cease, groundwater, surface water, and sediment samples to confirm previous RFI results and support a quantitative human health risk assessment.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, VOC's, SVOC's
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-031 AREA Q CASO4 TREATMENT/DISPOSAL AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

Area Q is an abandoned lagoon located in the north-west section of the Main Manufacturing Area. Area Q is immediately northwest and adjacent to SWMU 38 and was reported to be used as a sludge drying bed when SWMU 38 reached capacity. Sludge was pumped from SWMU 38 to Area Q via pipes that ran through a depression in the berm surrounding the drying bed.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore in 1992) collected one composite sludge sample. Explosives and metals were detected.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals, explosives

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC

PROPOSED PLAN

Soil and groundwater samples will be collected.



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+
RI/FS							230
IRA							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)							
LTM							
STEEL ST	PRO	IECT	ED TO	TAL.	\$230	000	

RFAAP-032 SWMU NO. 61 MOBILE USED OIL TANKS

SITE DESCRIPTION

A number of oil/water separators and waste storage tanks located throughout RFAAP are used for the collection of used oil generated primarily from machinery and vehicle engines. Oil from these locations was collected in the Mobile Used Oil Tanks (SWMU 61) for either shipment offsite or reuse. Leaks and spills of used oil during handling and collection are managed in accordance with the RFAAP Spill Control and Countermeasures Plan and the Installation Spill Contingency Plan (SPCC/ISCP).

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not ER,A eligible. No further action is recommended for SWMU 61 under IRP.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

N/A

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

N/A

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC

RFAAP-032 SWMU NO. 75 USED OIL STORAGE TANK (INERT GAS PLANT)

SITE DESCRIPTION

This Underground Storage Tank (UST) was located in the Main Manufacturing Area, 20 feet west of the Inert Gas Compressor Building A-421. It was removed as part of the UST removal program in April 1985. The UST was reportedly a single-walled tank with a capacity of 600 to 700 gallons. It was used to store used oil and hydraulic fluids that are generated in the inert gas plant compressor house. The contents of the UST were periodically pumped out into 55-gallon drums for the use as fuel at the Hazardous Waste Incinerator (USEPA 1987). Drips and spills around the tanks access ports that occurred when filling the tank were cleaned up before employees left the job site (Procedure 4-27-120; Section 29.1.1). Contaminated soil was removed from the premises and was properly disposed of. Spills from overfilling would have been treated as an emergency, and procedures described in the Emergency Response Plan (Procedure 4-14-44; Section 29.1.2) were followed.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

N/A

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

N/A

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRPPHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further action is recommended for SWMU 75. UST closure documentation will be submitted to EPA.

Radford Army Ammunition Plant - 2001 Installation Action Plan Site Descriptions - Page 39

RFAAP-032 SWMU NO. 76 **OIL TANKS**

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 76 consists of two used oil USTs that were located within the Stage and Burn Area (SWMU 17A) in the south-central part of the Main Manufacturing Area. The capacities of the two tanks were 5,500 gallons and 2,640 gallons, respectively. Used oil from machinery and vehicle engines throughout RFAAP was collected in the Mobile Used Oil Tanks (SWMU 61) and then stored in the SWMU 76 tanks. The used oil was then sold to an off-post firm for reclamation or used to fuel fires in the Contaminated Waste Stage and Burn Area (SWMU 17A).

A release of approximately 250 gallons of oily waste water and sludge occurred in 1991 during the removal of the 5,500-gallon UST. Impacted materials were analyzed to determine proper disposal procedures (Hercules 1991). Approximately 13 cubic yards of dirt/absorbed material were removed from the area and disposed of offsite as a This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further trations. The SWMU 76 UST closure report concluded documentation will be submitted to EPA. that the USTs no longer presented an environmental concern or threat.

IRP STATUS **RRSE RATING:** Low Risk 3A **CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** N/A MEDIA OF CONCERN: N/A **COMPLETED IRP PHASE: RFA CURRENT IRP PHASE:** RC **FUTURE IRP PHASE:** RC

PROPOSED PLAN

hazardous waste because of lead and chromium concen- action is recommended for SWMU 76. UST closure

RFAAP-033 SWMU 68 CHROMIC ACID TREATMENT TANKS

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 68 is located 100 feet northwest of SWMU 57 where the plateau of the Horseshoe Area begins sloping towards the New River. The unit previously contained two 4,000-gallon aboveground tanks, which were used to neutralize wastewater generated from the cleaning of rocket encasements (USEPA 1987). Neutralized wastewater was subsequently discharged to the finishing pond, previously located at SWMU 69.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) detected metals in surface soil samples above the RCRA permit HBNs. A RCRA Facility Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1997) was conducted to evaluate potential subsurface contamination and included upgradient surface and subsurface soil samples to establish SWMU-specific background metals concentrations. The results of confirmation samples demonstrated that previous SWMU process-related activities had not adversely impacted subsurface conditions and associated contamination sources had been removed.

PROPOSED PLAN

Site screening/closure documentation will be prepared.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA, IRA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:

FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC

RFI



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS 8 IRA IRA</t

RFAAP-035 SEWAGE LINES

SITE DESCRIPTION

An investigation of the acid and industrial sewers was required by the RCRA permit. The video investigation is complete of the Acid Sewers and the report was submitted to the EPA. No major leaks were detected. The industrial sewer investigation is ongoing.

PROPOSED PLAN

The sewer line investigation is ongoing. It was fully funded in FY99.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: Metals, explosvives MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soil, Groundwater COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RFAAP-036 SWMU NO. 10 BIOPLANT BASIN

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 10 is located in the north-central part of the Main Manufacturing Area and consists of the biological plant equalization basin, which was constructed over a former NC lagoon. The biological treatment system was built between 1978 and 1979 and became operational in 1980. The system had been used to treat wastewater from propellant manufacturing, pretreated wastewater from NG manufacturing and alcohol rectification, and waste associated with ethyl ether recovery (USEPA 1987).

Groundwater in the SWMU 10 vicinity was characterized during the RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) and supplemental VI (Dames & Moore 1994).

The VADEQ certified that clean closure for soils had been attained for the equalization basin. Groundwater is still being monitored by the operating contractor.

PROPOSED PLAN

The Bioplant Basin has received clean closure for soils. No further action is recommended for this SWMU.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, explosives, SVOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-037 AREA P BATTERY STORAGE AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Spent Battery Storage Area (Area P) consists of an open lot several acres in size that is used for the storage of shredded scrap metal, decommissioned tanks, powder cans and batteries prior to off-post shipment. This area is approximately 50 feet by 200 feet long and is located within the scrap metal salvage yard 600 feet west of the Biological Treatment Plant (SWMU 10).

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) evaluated surface and subsurface soils within the SWMU to determine the impact of spent battery acid spillage. Data from the soil sampling indicates metals in exceedance of HBNs.

PROPOSED PLAN

Collect groundwater and soil samples to confirm previous investigation results.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk 3A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals and explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:
CMS, DES, CMI



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE 2006 2007+ PHASE 2002 2003 2004 2005 435.1 RI/FS **IRA** 7 RD 159.8 RA(C) RA(O) LTM PROJECTED TOTAL: \$601,900

RFAAP-038 AREA O UNDERGROUND FUEL OIL SPILL

SITE DESCRIPTION

Area O consists of one 269,000-gallon fuel oil AST that is situated on a concrete base and surrounded by a concrete secondary containment system. The Underground Fuel Oil Spill was located in the east section of the Main Manufacturing Area, southwest of the Inert Gas Plant.

An Oil Audit was conducted by USACE in 1982 placed fuel leakage of an underground pipeline at approximately 3,000 gallons. In 1983, four monitoring wells were installed to characterize groundwater flow and quality at the site.

The RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) (Dames & Moore 1992) and a Phase II RFI (Dames & Moore 1994) collected groundwater samples at previously sampled wells. VOCs and SVOCs exceeded HBNs.

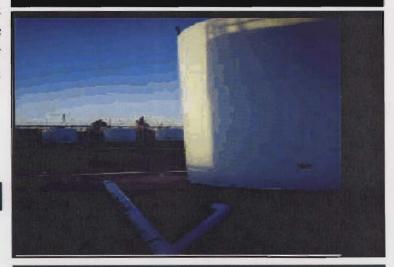
PROPOSED PLAN

An RFI will be performed.

The assumed remedial action for soil is removal and disposal of approximately 500cy. Groundwater remedial action is assumed to be air sparging.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
VOCs, SVOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RFI
FUTURE IRP PHASE:
CMS, DES, CMI, CMO, LTM



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007+ RI/FS 209.8 **IRA** RD 68 1,034.1 RA(C) RA(O) LTM 232.7 PROJECTED TOTAL: \$1,544,600

RFAAP-039 HWMU NO. 16 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL

SITE DESCRIPTION

HWMU 16 is located in the Horseshoe Area of the plant between RAAP-007 (SWMU 28, Permit 401) and RAAP-029 (SWMU 52, Permit 401). The site is a closed landfill used for lab chemicals, burning ground, and incinerator residue.

Groundwater data indicates the presence of elevated concentrations of explosives and chlorinated solvents.

There are indications that the groundwater contamination at HWMU-16 is migrating to the areas of SWMU-28 and 52.

Long-term monitoring is required by the State. The State is also requiring a post-closure permit.

PROPOSED PLAN

An RFI will be performed to delineate a larger area of concern, encompassing the areas of SWMU-28 and 52.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: Explosives, VOCs MEDIA OF CONCERN:

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC with LTM

PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+			
RI/FS	122	122	122	729.1						
IRA										
RD										
RA(C)										
RA(O)										
LTM					122	122	2276			
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$3,615,100										

RFAAP-040 FORMER LEAD FURNACE AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

The former lead furnace area is located in the south-central portion of the Main Manufacturing Area adjacent to SWMU 17A (Stage and Burn Area) and was operational during World War II. Typically, lead recovered during routine operations would be melted in the furnace and cast into ingots for salvage. It is not known precisely how long the Lead Furnace was in operation. The SWMU location has apparently been used for various activities and is listed in the RCRA Permit as a used oil and transfer location.

The former Lead Furnace Area was added to the Dames and Moore Verification Investigation of 1992 by USTHAMA after the discovery of solid lead slag in the soil during the removal of used oil tanks in SWMU 76. The Verification Investigation (VI) included the sampling and analysis of subsurface soil in the vicinity of the FLFA, located within SWMU 17A. A RCRA Facility Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1998) was conducted to verify VI results and included the sampling/removal of lead "hot spots" and the collection and analysis of subsurface soil samples. The report is not yet available.

PROPOSED PLAN

Closure documentation will be prepared. No further action is recommended for the Former Lead Furnace Area.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+			
RI/FS		78.6								
IRA										
RD										
RA(C)										
RA(O)										
LTM										
B	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$78,600									

RFAAP-041 HWMU NO. 4 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #4

SITE DESCRIPTION

HWMU 4 is located in the eastern area of the Main Manufacturing Area. It was a surface impoundment and was used an equalization basin for acidic wastewaters.

The source removed in 1988 in accordance with an approved state closure plan.

The site was clean-closed for soil by the VADEQ in 1997 Long-term groundwater monitoring is required by the State. The State is also requiring a post closure permit.

PROPOSED PLAN

Long-term monitoring will be performed for 5 years. Clean-closure for groundwater will be pursued to negate the need for a state-mandated post-closure permit.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1B CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC with LTM

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC with LTM



RFAAP-042 HWMU NO. 5 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #5

SITE DESCRIPTION

HWMU 5 is located in the middle of the Main Manufacturing Area. It was a surface impoundment used for acidic wastewaters. Sludge was removed, but contaminated soil below the sludge layer was left in place. The lagoon was filled and capped. The presence of residual waste precludes clean-closure. Long-term monitoring is required by the State. In April 2000 a post closure care permit reapplication was submitted to the VADEQ.

Groundwater monitoring has been performed for the past 15 years. DNT was recently detected. This appears to be an anomaly, given the original function and use of the lagoon.

PROPOSED PLAN

Clean-closure will be pursued as a cost effective alternative to long-term monitoring. Approximately 100cy will be excavated and disposed of as hazardous waste.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1B CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

DES

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMI, LTM

PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+			
RI/FS										
IRA										
RD	122	122	139.4							
RA(C)				246.4						
RA(O)										
LTM					122	122				
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$873,800										

RFAAP-043 HWMU #7 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #7

SITE DESCRIPTION

HWMU 7 is located in the western section of the Main Manufacturing Area along the New River. It was a surface impoundment used for acidic wastewaters. Long-term monitoring is required by the State. The State issued a post-closure permit in 1999.

PROPOSED PLAN

Clean-closure will be pursued as a cost effective alternative to long-term monitoring. Approximately 100cy will be excavated and disposed of as hazardous waste.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1B CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Heavy Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

DES

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMI, LTM

PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+				
RI/FS											
IRA											
RD	122	139.4									
RA(C)			246.4								
RA(O)							L				
LTM				122	122						
In Oth	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$751,800										

RFAAP-044 NEW RIVER UNIT

SITE DESCRIPTION

The New River Unit (NRU) is located approximately 6 miles west of the RFAAP Main Manufacturing Area and consists of approximately 2,813 acres. Between 1940 and 1945, the NRU was used for the loading of propellants and igniter charges and the manufacturing of igniter charge bags. Between 1943 and 1945, operations were expanded to include an additional bag-loading line, rolled powder operations, flash-reducer loading lines, and blackpowder drying facilities. Production ended after World War II, and the plant was officially designated as part of the RFAAP installation. Since 1947, approximately 1,000 acres in the western section of the plant have been sold or transferred for other uses.

There is conductive flooring in several buildings. The material is comprised of barium, copper, asbestos, and lead. It is exposed to the elements and is leaching to surrounding soil.

A Remedial Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1998) sampling effort included the collection of surface soil, sludge, and water samples. Metals have been detected in exceedance of the HBNs. Five areas within the New River Unit are being investigated: the Igniter Assembly Area (IAA), Northern Burning Grounds (NBG), Western Burning Grounds (WBG), Rail Yard (RY), and the Building Debris Disposal Trench (BDDT). Of the five sites, three require additional work.

PROPOSED PLAN

Continue RI effort after completing the inorganic background study effort.

Planned remedial actions include excavation and disposal of 9100cy of soil (2700 cy haz waste) at the Northern Burning Ground. A treatability study for the conductive flooring will be performed and a removal action is likely to be required.

Need to consult further with EPA on location of alleged transformer site. RFAAP could not locate it.

A decision regarding a groundwater investigation will be made once the vertical extent of soil contamination is determined. The need for long-term monitoring is not anticipated.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1B CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

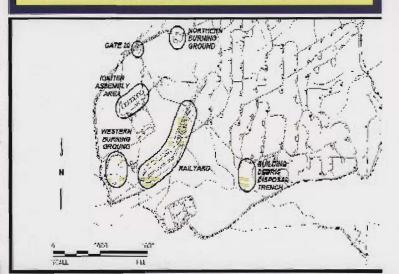
PA/SI

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RI

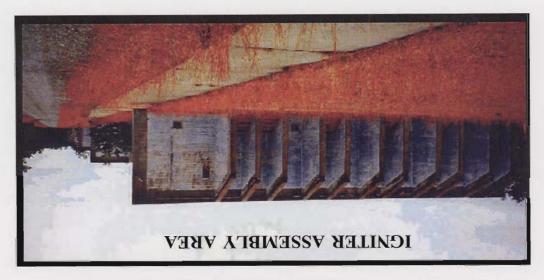
FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RD, RA(C)



CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE 2005 2007+ PHASE 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 RI/FS 795.9 **IRA** 132.1 RD 4070.4 RA(C) RA(O) LTM PROJECTED TOTAL: \$4,998,400







NEM BINEB ONLL BEVVB-044

RFAAP-044 NEW RIVER UNIT

WESTERN BURNING GROUND



RAIL YARD



RFAAP-045 BLDG 4343

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 4343 is located within the Pilot B Area of the Rocket Manufacturing Area, which is situated within the Horseshoe Area.

In 1956, the building was converted from a Fire Water Pump House to support Nike igniter grain cadmium plating operations. Conversion activities included the installation of a drying cabinet, cadmium plating baths, an exterior lead catch tank (which was discharged to the ground), and an exhaust system. The pump and pump engine were removed and floor sumps were filled to level.

Surface soil evaluation was performed (Alliant Techsystem 1996) found cadmium exceeded regulatory limits for TCLP analysis. A RCRA Facility Investigation (ICF Kaiser 1998) was conducted to evaluate potential contamination releases associated with former cadmium plating activities.

PROPOSED PLAN

RFI activities will continue.

Approximately 450cy of contaminated soil will be excavated and disposed of as hazardous waste.

Long-term monitoring will be performed for 5 years.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk 1A CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RFI

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

CMS, DES, CMI, LTM



PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+				
RI/FS			384.7								
IRA											
RD				32.6							
RA(C)					545.6						
RA(O)											
LTM					31.3	53.7	30.3				
HILLS	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$1 078 200										

SITE SCREENING AREAS

There are approximately 40 areas discussed in the RCRA Facility Assessment which were incorporated into the new RCRA Corrective Action Permit issued in Fall, 2000. Although it is not likely that these areas impact human or ecological health, they will be screened for potential releases to the environment by USACHPPM. At least half of the areas are currently in active use.

It is possible that some further remedial investigation and subsequent action at a small number of these areas may be required in the future. Should this occur and they meet all other ER,A eligibility requirements, the areas will be designated as new DSERTS sites.

RFAAP-003 SWMU NO. 69 POND BY CHROMIC ACID TREATMENT TANKS

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 69 was an unlined settling pond that received SWMU 68 neutralized wastewater from rocket encasement cleaning activities. Before 1974, runoff consisted of neutralized chromic acid (pH=8.6), which had been treated with sulfuric acid, sodium metabisulfate, and calcium lime. After 1974 up to the time operations ceased, "Oakite 33," an acidic rust stripper consisting of phosphoric acid and butyl cellosolve mixture, was used to clean rocket encasements. Oakite 33 was adjusted to a pH of 5.0 with soda ash before discharge to SWMU 69.

A Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) performed a qualitative human health risk assessment. The VI recommended interim corrective measures to remove all accumulated pond water, pond sediments, and adversely impacted surficial soil. Impacted soils and sediments were removed as indicated by confirmatory samples (Dames & Moore 1994).

PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is recommended for this SWMU.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, VOC's
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil, and Sediment
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-004 SWMU NO. 74 INERT LANDFILL NO 3

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 74 is a four acre, unlined landfill located in the central portion of the Horseshoe Area. In May 1984, the Virginia Department of Health issued Permit No. 433 for "Inert Landfill No. 3". The SWMU was permitted to receive construction and demolition waste, wood, tree trimmings, stumps, and inert waste materials. The landfill is currently about half filled, and the estimated remaining life of the landfill is two to three years.

A RCRA Verification Identification (Dames & Moore 1992) installed of one well downgradient of the landfill to a depth of 50.4 feet and was sampled for metals, VOCs, SVOCs, TOC, TOX, metals, and pH. The results from the chemical analysis of 74MW1 do not indicate the presence of contamination downgradient of Inert Landfill No. 3. Groundwater is monitored in accordance with the permit.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding, therefore no further action under the IRP. The operation and closure of SWMU 74 are addressed under state permit No. 433.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk (3A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals, VOC's, SVOC's
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Groundwater, Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-006 AREA F FORMER DRUM STORAGE AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

Area F is a gravel lot located in the Main Manufacturing Area southeast of Warehouse No. 2 (9387-2) approximately 50 feet long by 50 feet wide. The area was used to stage empty drums that were used throughout RFAAP before being sold. Storage of drums on this lot was discontinued in 1991 when a second lot was constructed 150 feet to the east, west of Building 4934-1.

A RCRA Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) evaluated four surface soil samples that were collected beneath stained gravel from both the former drum storage area and the new storage lot and analyzed for VOCs and SVOCs. Analytical results demonstrated that there had been no releases to surface soils as a result of spillage of drum residues.

PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is necessary in this area.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk (2A) CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: VOCs, SVOCs

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



RFAAP-007 SWMU NO.28 CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 28 is a landfill located in the southeast section of the Horseshoe Area. It replaced the sanitary landfill immediately to the south (SWMU 52), that was closed in 1984. SWMU 28 is contiguous with the Closed Hazardous Waste Landfill (HWMU 16) and is also approximately 200 feet northeast of the TNT Neutralization Sludge Disposal Area (SWMU 51). SWMUs 28, 16, and 52 encompass an area of approximately 15 acres. In April 1983 Virginia Department of Health issued Permit 401 for SWMUs 28 and 52. It was permitted as a sanitary landfill to receive municipal solid, agricultural, debris, inert, and asbestos wastes. The asbestos waste was placed in a designated area, now identified as SWMU 30.

SWMU 28 was capped in 1992 in accordance with VDEQ. Landfill plans for SWMU 28 included five trenches to be excavated, filled, and covered with clean soil to prevent erosion of cover. A RCRA Facility Investigation (Dames & Moore 1992) was performed that included the installation and sampling of four monitoring wells. Chemicals of concern are metals, explosives, VOCs and SVOCs. Groundwater is monitored in accordance with the requirements for HWMU-16.

PROPOSED PLAN

Any potential necessary action will be addressed under RFAAP-039.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A) CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



RFAAP-008 SWMU 27 CA SO4 TREATMENT/DISPOSAL AREA

RC

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 27, the Calcium Sulfate Landfill, is a closed, unlined earthen landfill located in the southeastern section of the Horseshoe Area and is covered under Permit 353. It is located within the boundary of Fly Ash Landfill (FAL) No. 2 (Permit 353, SWMU 29) and is also contiguous with SWMU 53. The landfill was used for disposal of calcium sulfate sludge generated from the neutralization of sulfuric acid at the A-B Line and C-Line acidic wastewater treatment plants between 1981 and 1982. The landfill has been described as triangular-shaped and approximately 150 feet long. Since disposal operations ceased, this unit has been completely covered by FAL No. 2.

In 1980, a land disposal study was conducted, and it was determined that the site was geologically suitable for ash landfill operations. A RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) was performed that included the collection and analysis of one surface water sample and three sediment samples. Supplemental VI activities (Dames & Moore 1994) included the collection and analysis of groundwater samples.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
explosives
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil, Groundwater
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA
CURRENT IRP PHASE:
RC
FUTURE IRP PHASE:



PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding, therefore no further action under the IRP.

RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 8 CASO4 TREATMENT/DISPOSAL AREA

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 8 consists of two unlined, below-grade earthen lagoons located in the northeast section of the Main Manufacturing Area along the south bank of the New River. The lagoons were designed to neutralize acidic wastewater from the NC A-B Line Acidic Wastewater Treatment Plant with hydrated lime. The supernatant is discharged to the New River via Outfall 007. Sludge was dredged from the lagoons and was placed in the adjacent drying beds. Between 1982 and 1991, the dried sludge removed from the beds was disposed of in Fly Ash Landfill No. 2 (SWMU 29). In December 1998 the Eastern Lagoon was closed and replaced with a concrete tank. Operations ceased at the Western Lagoon in November 1999.

The Verification Investigation (Dames & Moore, 1992) collected one sludge sample from each of the two lagoons to determine whether concentrations exceeded HBNs specified in the permit for VOCs, SVOCs, and TCLP metals. The results of these samples indicated that all constituents were reported less than regulatory levels specified in 40 CFR 261.24.

PROPOSED PLAN

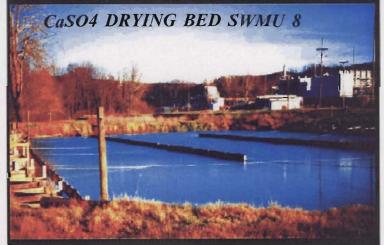
This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further action under IRP.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:
RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE: RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE: RC



RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 9 CASO4 TREATMENT LAGOONS

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 9 consists of two unlined, below-grade earthen lagoons located in the northwest section of the Main Manufacturing Area. The lagoons were designed to neutralize acidic wastewater from the NC C-Line Acidic Wastewater Treatment Plant with hydrated lime. The supernatant is discharged to the New River via Outfall 005. SWMU 9 ceased operations as a sludge settling lagoon in 1993. Sludge was dredged from the lagoons and was placed in the adjacent drying beds. Between 1982 and 1991, the dried sludge removed from the beds was disposed of in Fly Ash Landfill No. 2 (SWMU 29).

In 1987, a RCRA Facility Assessment was conducted by the USEPA that included a preliminary data review, evaluation, and visual site inspection. A Verification Investigation (1992 Dames & Moore) collected one sludge sample from each lagoon to determine whether concentrations exceeded HBNs specified in the permit for VOCs, SVOCs, and TCLP metals. The results of these samples indicated that all constituents were reported less than regulatory levels specified in 40 CFR 261.24.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further action under IRP.

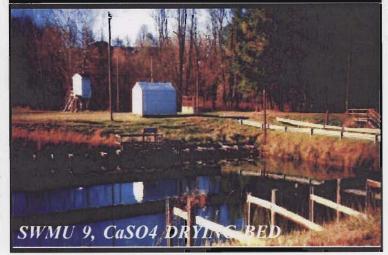
IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:
Metals
MEDIA OF CONCERN:
Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE: RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

FUTURE IRP PHASE:



RFAAP-010 SWMU NO. 36 CASO4 DRYING BED

SITE DESCRIPTION

SWMU 36 consists of three separate unlined drying beds located in the northeast section of the Main Manufacturing Area adjacent to SWMU 8. The north bed, located closest to the New River, is approximately 200 feet long, 50 feet wide, and 10 feet deep, and appears to be the original drying bed. The adjacent south bed appears to be the next oldest and is also approximately 200 feet long, 50 feet wide, and 10 feet deep. The east bed is approximately 60 feet wide by 200 feet long. The depth of this bed is unknown. Sludge was last deposited in 1999.

The RCRA Verification Investigation (VI) (Dames & Moore 1992) included the collection of one composite sludge sample from each SWMU 36 drying bed to determine whether concentrations exceeded permit levels for VOCs, SVOCs, and TCLP metals. Although VOCs and SVOCs were detected, reported results were below permit levels.

PROPOSED PLAN

This site is not eligible for ER,A funding. No further action under IRP.

IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk (1A)
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

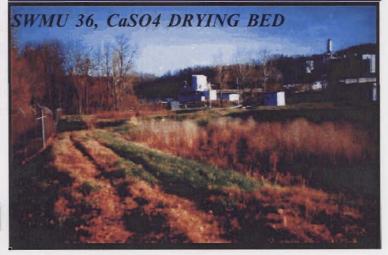
RFA

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RC

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

RC



SCHEDULE

PAST MILESTONES

1990

Verification Investigation Initiation

1992

Verification Investigation Completion

1994

Interim Remedial Action RFAAP-003(SWMU 69) RCRA Facility Investigation Initiation

1995

Initiated Interim Remedial Design RFAAP-007(SWMU 28) RFAAP-23(SWMU43) RFAAP-029(SWMU52)

1997

Completed RCRA Facility Investigation Completed IRA at SWMU 43 Completed IRA at SWMU 68 Completed New River and Tributaries Study

1998

Completed Master Work Plan Completed Site Management Plan Initiated RFI/CMS for SWMU 39 Initiated IRM at SWMU 54

1999

Completed IRM at SWMU 54 Initiated and completed RI/RFI sampling at NRU & Bldg 4343

2000

Initiated and completed sampling for Inorganic Background Study

PROJECTED MILESTONES

2001

Initiate screening at SWMU 6 Initiate screening at SSAs Initiate RFIs at SWMUs 17 & 40 Initiate treatability study at NRU

2002 - 2014

Initiate and complete follow up investigations, studies and actions for the remaining sites.

SCHEDULE

NO FURTHER ACTION SITES

The following sites currently require no further action (excluding LTM) under the ER,A program:

RFAAP-003

RFAAP-004

RFAAP-006

RFAAP-007

RFAAP-008

RFAAP-015

RFAAP-017

RFAAP-019

RFAAP-020

RFAAP-029 with LTM

RFAAP-030

RFAAP-032

RFAAP-033

RFAAP-036

RFAAP-041 with LTM

Radford Army Ammunition Plant IRP Schedule

(Based on current funding constraints)

					CURRENT PHASE		PHASE		COMPLETED PHASE	
			FY90-00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07
RFAAP-001	TNT WASTE ACID	PA/SI								
	NEUTRALIZATION PITS SWMU 51	RI/FS RD								
	SWING 31	RA								
		LTM						7 70		
FAAP-002	FLASH BURN PARTS	PA/SI			25					
	AREA, SWMU 71	RI/FS							-	
FAAP-005	WASTE PROPELLANT	PA/SI								
	BURNING GROUND	RI/FS								
	SWMU 13	RD RA								
		LTM								
FAAP-009	LANDFILL NITRO AREA	PA/SI								
17441-007	SWMU 40	RI/FS								
FAAP-010	CASO4 DRYING BED SWMU 35	PA/SI RI/FS								
	5	RD								
		RA							2011	
FAAP-011	RED WATER ASH	PA/SI								
	BURIAL GROUND	RI/FS								
	SWMU 41	RD								
		RA LTM								
FAAP-012	ACID WASTEWATER	PA/SI								
17471-012	LAGOON	RI/FS								
	SWMU 6									
FAAP-013	RED WATER ASH BURIAL #2, SWMU 49	PA/SI RI/FS			-					
	BURIAL #2, 3W MU 49	KI/13								
FAAP-014	PROPELLANT BURNING	PA/SI		V. Carlot					Page 1	
	ASH DISPOSAL AREA SWMU 54	RI/FS RD								
	311 MC 34	RA								
		LTM					P = 12 4			
FAAP-016	WASTEWATER PONDS	PA/SI			T			T		
	FROM PROPELLANT	RI/FS								
	INCINERATOR	RD								
	SWMU 39	RA LTM								
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FAAP-018	OILY WATER BURIAL AREA	PA/SI RJ/FS								
	SWMU 48	RD								
		RA								
		LTM _			1.					
FAAP-021	PROPELLANT BURIAL	PA/SI								
	SWMU 46	RI/FS					V manage of			
FAAP-022	PONDS BY BLDS 4931,4932	PA/SI								
	SWMU 57	RI/FS								
FAAP-023	SANITARY LANDFILL NO. 2	PA/SI							1	
	SANITAKT LANDPILL NO. 2	FAISE				1	6			l.

Radford Army Ammunition Plant IRP Schedule

(Based on current funding constraints)

				CURRENT PHASE		FUTURE PHASE		COMPLETED PHASE	
		FY90-	00 FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07÷
RFAAP-024	LANFILL NO. 3 SWMU 45	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-025	CASO4 TREATMENT/ DISPOSAL AREA, SWMU 50	PA/SI RI/FS			1000				
FAAP-026	COAL ASH SETTLING LAGOONS, SWMU 31	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-027	RUBBLE PILE, SWMU 58	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-028	BOTTOM ASH PILE SWMU 59	PA/SI RI/FS RD RA		- Living					
FAAP-031	CASO4 TREATMENT/	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-033	DISPOSAL AREA, ARE Q CHROMIC ACID TREATMENT TANKS	PA/SI RI/FS			N A				
FAAP-037	SWMU 68 BATTERY STORAGE AREA AREA P	PA/SI RI/FS RD RA							
FAAP-038	UNDERGROUND FUEL OIL AREA O	PA/SI RI/FS RD RA LTM							
FAAP-039	HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL, HWMU 16	PA/SI RI/FS LTM							
FAAP-040	FORMER LEAD FURNACE AREA	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-041	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT 45, HWMU 4	PA/SI RI/FS							
FAAP-042	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #5, HWMU 5	PA/SI RD RA(C) LTM							
FAAP-043	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #7, HWMU 7	PA/SI RD RA(C) LTM			31.2				
FAAP-044	NEW RIVER UNIT	PA/SI RI/FS RD RA(C)							
FAAP-045	BLDG 4343	PA/SI RI/FS RD							
		RA LTM							

DEFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM

10/23/00

Site, 3. State Phase Summary Report

State: VA
Programs: BRAC I, BRAC II, BRAC III, BRAC IV, IRP

Subprograms: Compliance, Restoration, UXO

Installation count for Programs:

NPL Options: Delisted, No, Proposed, Yes

Installations count for Programs and NPL: 1
Site count for Programs and NPL: 44

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DEFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM

Site, 9. RISK INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN REPORT

Installation: RADFORD AAP

Major Command: AMC

SubCommand: OSC

Program Options: IRP, BRAC I, BRAC II, BRAC III, BRAC IV

Subprogram Options: Compliance, Restoration, UXO

Subprogram Options:	Compliance, Rest	oration, UXO							_			
		Media	Phase (s)	Phase (s)	Phase (s)	#IRA	1	#IRA	#IRA	LTM	RIP	RC
Site	RRSE	Evaluated	Completed	Underway	Future	Completed	T	Underway	Future	Status	Date	Date
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RAAP-001	1A	GW	PA		RAC		T			F		200809
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					RI		1	1				
RAAP-002	1A	SL	PA		RAC		†	1		F		200909
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RAAP-003	IA	SH	PA				1			N		199408
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RAAP-017	3A	SH	PA	_				\vdash			N	<u> </u>	198412
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RAAP-018	1A	GW	PA		RI	RAC					F		200709
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RAAP-019	3A	GW	PA				ļ	Ш			N		199210
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		SL									<u> </u>		
		WH		\neg								†	
RAAP-031	3A	SL	PA		RI	RAC					F		201109
			SI			RD							L
RAAP-032	3A	SL	PA				<u> </u>				N		198706
RAAP-033	1A	SL	PA								N	Ĺ	199804
			RI				<u> </u>	Ш					
		l	SI	\dashv	L		 _	Н	ļ———		<u> </u>	 	300212
RAAP-035	IA	SL	PA		RI	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\vdash			N	 	200212
RAAP-036		GW	SI PA	-			l	Н			N	 -	199812
KAAP-030		SH	RI	\dashv		L		\vdash			N	 	199012
		SL	SI			 		\vdash			 		 -
		WH	 	\dashv			 	\vdash			 	 	
RAAP-037	3A	SL	PA	\dashv		RAC		+			F	 	200709
			SI	\neg		RD		Н	-		 		
				\dashv		RI		H			 		
RAAP-038	iA.	GW	PA			RAC		М			F		200609
+			SI	П		RD	1	\vdash				1	
				\neg		Ri							
RAAP-039	1A	GW	PA								U		198812
		SL	RI										
			S1					1 1					

		Media	Phase (s)	Phase (s)	Phase (5)	#JRA	#IRA	#IRA	LTM	RIP	RC
Site	RRSE	Evaluated	Completed	Underway	Future	Completed	Underway	Future	Status	Date	Date
RAAP-040	1A	SL	PA	RI					N		200509
			\$I								
RAAP-041	1B	GW	PA						Ū		198801
			RI								
			SI								
RAAP-042	1A	GW	PA						U		198810
			RJ				1				<u> </u>
			SI		_						
RAAP-043	1A	GW	PA						บ		198810
			RAC				T				
			SI	T						_	
RAAP-044	1B	SEF	PA	RI	RAC				F		200809
		SH	SI		RD		T				
		SL									
RAAP-045	1A	GW	PA	RI	RAC				F		200606
		SL			RD		T				
RRSE - Relative Risk Site I	Evaluation; Risk Category - 1	=High, 2=Medium.	3=Low;								
egal Agreement - A = with	agreement, B = without agree	eement; C = Comp	lete, U = Underway, F	= Future, N = Not Ap	plicable						
				T				Reporting	Period End Date:	09/30/2000	

REM/IRA/RA ASSESSMENT

PAST REM/IRA/RA

- RFAAP-003, SWMU69: interim remedial measure (IRM) Excavated and properly disposed of soils in pond with high concentrations of metals from plating operation.
- RFAAP-023, SWMU 43: IRM Re-graded the site to prevent ponding of storm water and to improve site drainage.
- RFAAP-033, SWMU 68: IRM Excavated and properly disposed of soils similar to those at RFAAP-003, SWMU69.
- RFAAP-040, FLFA: IRM Excavated and properly disposed of soils with high concentrations of lead.
- RFAAP-044, NRU: IRM Excavated and properly disposed of soils and debris at the Building Debris Disposal Trench.
- RFAAP-044, NRU: IRM Excavated and properly disposed of soils with high concentrations of lead at the Western Burning Ground.

CURRENT REM/IRA/RA

• None underway. These will be identified in onging study efforts.

FUTURE REM/IRA/RA

Potential Accelerated Actions:

- RFAAP-001, SWMU 51: source removal
- RFAAP-005, SWMU 13: capping when operations cease
- RFAAP-010, SWMUs 35,37,38 & Area A: source removal
- RFAAP-011, SWMU 41: capping
- RFAAP-014, SWMU 54: source removal
- RFAAP-016, SWMU 39: source removal
- RFAAP-018, 013, 025, SWMUs 48, 49, 50: source removal
- RFAAP-028, SWMU 59: source removal
- RFAAP-038, AREA O: air sparging and source removal
- RFAAP-042, 043, HWMUs 5, 7: source removal
- RFAAP-044, NRU: source removal
- RFAAP-045, Bldg 4343: source removal

PRIOR YEAR FUNDING

FY76 INSTALLATION ASSESSMENT	\$50.0 K
FY84 INSTALLATION REASSESSMENT	\$50.0 K
FY90 VI/FI WORK PLANS INSTALLATION SUPPORT UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (RFAAP)	\$270.7K \$29.2K <u>\$17.4K</u> \$317.3K
FY91 VI/FI FIELDWORK AND REPORT, PHASE I INSTALLATION SUPPORT	\$1,570.9K \$36.3K \$1,607.2K
FY92 VI/FI PLANS, FIELDWORK, REPORT, PHASE II SPLIT SAMPLES	\$1,355.0K <u>\$17.3K</u> \$1,372.3K
FY93 INSTALLATION SUPPORT (UNIT 69 RA)	\$184.0K
FY94	\$0K
FY95 CONDUCT RFIS AT SWMUS CONDUCT VIS AT SWMU'S	\$1,550.0K <u>\$1,300.0K</u> \$2,850.0K
FY96 ACID SEWER INVESTIGATION CMS AT SWMU 54 PHASE II VI/RFI (INCLUDED S68 IRA) IRA AT SWMU 43	\$752.0K \$263.0K \$330.0K <u>\$100.0K</u> \$1,445.0K

PRIOR YEAR FUNDING

FY97	
MONITORING	\$558.0K
RD ON SWMUS 28/52	\$ <u>15.0K</u>
	\$573.0K
FY98	
RI/FS (SWMUs17,31,39,48,49,58 & NRU)	\$1,804.2K
LTM	\$160.0K
IRA (SWMU 54)	\$1,899.9K
RD	<u>\$ 25.0K</u>
	\$3,889.1K
FY99	
RFI/CMS (NRU& Bldg 4343)	\$792.0K
RI/FS (Sewer Lines)	\$360.7K
RFI/CMS (SWMU 48)	\$915.3K
LTM (HWMUS 4,5,7,16	\$429.5 <u>K</u>
	\$ 2497.5K
FY00	
	\$413.2 K
RI/FS Background Study, SWMUSs 54, 48, 39, 31) IRA (SWMU 54)	\$413.2 K \$ 305.4 K
RI/FS (NRU)	\$ 303.4 K \$ 127.1 K
LTM (HWMUs 4,5,7,16)	\$ 278.8K
	\$1124.5K
	,
Total prior year funds	\$15,959.9K

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 COST TO COMPLETE - REQUIREMENTS

DSERTS AUMBER	SETE DESCRIPTION	RRSE	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+	SITE FOTAL	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
RAAP-001	TNT WASTE ACID NEUTRALIZATION PITS	HIGH	RI					539.0				RFI activities (soil and GW sampling); installation of 3 wells
	SWMU 51		RD						41.0			design for removal, treatment, and disposal of soil (haz waste); backfill, revegetate
			RAC						11.0	1,148.0		removal, treatment, and disposal of approx 900ey haz waste soil
			LTM							155.5	1.883.5	6 Wells, quarterly the first year, then 3 wells annually for 5 yrs
AAP-002	FLASH BURN PARTS AREA SWMU 71	HIGH	RI							224.5		soil sampling
AAP-005	WASTE PROPELLANT BURNING GROUND	HIGH	RI						676.3			RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 13		RD				7-1			172.8		design for 20 acre site
			RAC							5,231.9		20 acre cap
			LTM							1,207.1	7,288.1	6 Wells, quarterly the first year, then 3 wells annually for 15 yrs
AAP-009	LANDFILL NITRO AREA SWMU 40	HIGH	RI	265.0								RFI activities
AAP-010	CASO4 DRYING BED	HIGH	RI							396.0		RFI at SWMU 35, 37, 38 and Area A
	SWMU 35		RD							27.2		design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 1500 cy of ha waste soil
			RAC							1,431.2	1,854.4	removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 1500 cy of haz waste soi
AAP-011	RED WATER ASH BURIAL GROUND	HIGH	RI							504.9		RFI/CMS activities; includes installation of 3 wells
	SWMU 41		RD				100000			66.4		design for cap/cover
		1	RAC							664.2		cap/cover construction
			LTM		7 37					799.0	2,034.5	4 wells, four wells will be sampled quarterly for one year, then 3 wells annually thereafter; five year reviews will be performed, LTM is anticipated to end in 2022.
RAAP-012	ACID WASTEWATER LAGOON, SWMU 6	HIGH	RI	38.7							38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-013	RED WATER ASH BURIAL 2 SWMU 49	HIGH	RI							78.6	78.6	closure documentation for SWMUs 49
AAP-014	PROPELLANT BURNING ASH DISPOSAL AREA	HIGH	RI	655.1								RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 54		RD			49.7						design for excavation and disposal of 1675 cy of haz waste soil
		1	RAC			100	1,243.8					excavation and disposal of 1675 cy of haz waste soil
			LTM				25.3	44.5	11,1	22.2	2,051.7	3 wells, quarterly the first year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-016	WASTEWATER PONDS FROM PROPELLANT INCINERATOR	HIGH	RI	214.7				- V				RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 39		RD			46.2		- 8	MI.			design for excavation and disposal of haz waste soil
			RAC							1,855.0		Approximately 7400 cy of soil will be excavated. It is anticipated that approximately 1800 cy of soil will be disposed as hazardous waste. The remaining soil will be disposed as appropriate.
			LTM							170.8	2,286.7	8 wells, sampled quarterly, then 8 wells annually thereafter.
RAAP-018	OILY WATER BURIAL AREA	HIGH	RI	214.7								RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 48		RD	9			209.2					design for excavation
			RAC							5,242.7		Approximately 23,703 will be excavated, but only 5000 cy of soil will be removed, transported and disposed as hazardous waste and the remainder will be disposed as appropriate.
					-				-	179.6		8 wells, sampled quarterly, then 8 wells annually thereafter.



RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 COST TO COMPLETE - REQUIREMENTS

DSFRTS NUMBER	SITE DESCRIPTION	RRSE	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+	SITE TOTAL	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
	PROPELLANT BURIAL SWMU 46	LOW	RI	July 1	38.7						38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-022	PONDS BY BLDS 4931, 4932 SWMU 57	LOW	RI						1	38.7	38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-023	SANITARY LANDFILL NO. 2 SWMU 43	LOW	RI			2001				199.1	199.1	RFI activities (soil and groundwater sampling to verify data results from VI)
RAAP-024	LANDFILL NO. 3 SWMU 45	HIGH	RI				255.5				255.5	limited soil sampling and resampling of existing wells to confirm VI results
RAAP-025	CASO4 TREATMENT/ DISPOSAL AREA, SWMU 50	LOW	RI							78.6	78.6	closure documentation
RAAP-026	COAL ASH SETTLING LAGOONS, SWMU	HIGH	RI	103.7							103.7	limited soil, surface water and groundwater sampling to confirm VI resul
RAAP-027	RUBBLE PILE, SWMU 58	MED	RI					204.5			204.5	soil sampling to confirm VI results
RAAP-028	BOTTOM ASH PILE	LOW	RI			573.4						RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 59		RD	1			86.0					design for excavation and disposal of 3700 cy of haz waste soil
			RAC		- 50					3,453.3		excavation and disposal of 3700 cy of haz waste soil
			LTM							139.2	4,251.9	6 wells, quarterly for one year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-031	CASO4 TREATMENT/ DISPOSAL AREA, AREA Q	LOW	RI							230.0	230.0	RFI activities (soil and groundwater sampling to verify data results from VI)
RAAP-033	CHROMIC ACID TREATMENT TANKS SWMU 68	HIGH	RI			8.0					8.0	site screening/closure documentation
RAAP-037	BATTERY STORAGE AREA AREA P	LOW	RI					435.1				RFI/CMS (soil and groundwater sampling; includes well installation, but Radford is considering hydropunch method)
			RD						7.0			design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 100 cy of haz waste soil
			RAC							159.8	601.9	removal, transportation and disposal of approx, 100 cy of haz waste soil
RAAP-038	UNDERGROUND FUEL OIL SPILL	HIGH	RI	-			209.8					RFI/CMS
	AREA O		RD					68.0				design for soil excavation and air sparge system
			RAC						1,034.1			The assumed remedial action for soil is removal and disposal of approximatley 500cy. Groundwater remedial action is assumed to be air sparging.
			LTM							232.7	1,544.6	3 wells, quarterly the first year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-039	HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL	HIGH	RFI	122.0	122.0	122.0	729.1					Periodic GW monitoring for the first 3 years; 4th year will perform RFI.
	HWMU 16		LTM					122.0	122.0	2,276.0	3,615.1	LTM, 20 wells, quarterly for 10 years, then semi-annually for 20 yrs (explosives and VOCs)
RAAP-040	FORMER LEAD FURNACE AREA	HIGH	LTM					78.6	TO THE R		78.6	closure documentation
RAAP-041	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #4, HWMU 4	HIGH	LTM	122.0	122.0	122.0	122.0	122.0			610.0	10 wells, quarterly for 5 years
RAAP-042	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #5, HWMU 5	нібн	RD	122.0	122.0	139.4						\$17.4K for the design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122 for GW sampling (10 wells quarter)
			RA(C)				246.4					\$124.6K for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122K for GW sampling
								122.0	122.0			10 wells, quarterly

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 COST TO COMPLETE - REQUIREMENTS

DSERTS NUMBER	SHE DESCRIPTION	RRSE	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+	SLIF TOTAL	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
RAAP-043	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #7, HWMU 7	HIGH	RD	122.0	139.4							\$17.4K for the design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122 for GW sampling (10 wells quarterly)
			RA(C)			246.4						\$124.6K for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122K for GW sampling
			LTM				122.0	122.0			751.8	10 wells, quarterly
RAAP-044	NEW RIVER UNIT	HIGH	RI	795.9								RFI/CMS activities
			RD						132.1			design for excavation and disposal of approx. 9100ey, with 2700ey disposed as haz waste for the Northern Burning Area
			RAC							4,070.4	4,998.4	excavation and disposal of approx. 9100ey, with 2700ey disposed as haz waste
RAAP-045	BLDG 4343	HIGH	RI			384.7						RFI/CMS activities
			RD				32.6				Y.	design for excavation and disposal of approx. 450cy disposed as haz waste
			RAC			-		545.6	WE			excavation and disposal of approx. 450cy disposed as haz waste
			LTM					31.3	53.7	30.3	1,078.2	6 wells, quarterly for one year, then 3 wells annually thereafter
0			TOTAL:	2,775.8	544.1	1,691.8	3,281.7	2,434.6	2,199.3	30,485.7	43,413.0	

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 PROGRAMMED COST TO COMPLETE

DSFRTS NUMBER	SHE DESCRIPTION	RRSE	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	SITE TOTAL	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
RAAP-001	TNT WASTE ACID NEUTRALIZATION PITS	HIGH	RI		539.0							RFI activities (soil and GW sampling); installation of 3 wells
	SWMU 51		RD				41.0					design for removal, treatment, and disposal of soil (haz waste); backfill, revegetate
			RAC				110	1,148.0				removal, treatment, and disposal of approx 900cy haz waste soil
			LTM					78.6	25.6	51.3	1,883.5	6 Wells, quarterly the first year, then 3 wells annually for 5 yrs
RAAP-002	FLASH BURN PARTS AREA SWMU 71	HIGH	RI						224.5		224.5	soil sampling
RAAP-005	WASTE PROPELLANT BURNING GROUND	HIGH	RI						676.3			RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 13		RD	-					172.8			design for 20 acre site
			RAC				- 1			5,231.9		20 acre cap
			LTM				1			1,207.1	7,288.1	6 Wells, quarterly the first year, then 3 wells annually for 15 yrs
RAAP-009	LANDFILL NITRO AREA SWMU 40	HIGH	RI	265.0							265.0	RFLactivities
	CASO4 DRYING BED	HIGH	RI		396.0				-		200	RFI at SWMU 35, 37, 38 and Area A
	SWMU 35		RD				27.2					design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 1500 cy of haz waste soil
			RAC					1,431.2			1,854.4	removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 1500 cy of haz waste soil
RAAP-011	RED WATER ASH BURIAL GROUND	HIGH	RI		504.9							RFI/CMS activities; includes installation of 3 wells
	SWMU 41		RD				66.4					design for cap/cover
	TAXABLE VA		RAC						664.2			cap/cover construction
			LTM						42.9	756.1		4 wells, four wells will be sampled quarterly for one year, then 3 wells annually thereafter; five year reviews will be performed, LTM is anticipated to-end in 2022.
									42.7	730.1	2,034.3	(0-Gitti) 2022.
RAAP-012	ACID WASTEWATER LAGOON, SWMU 6	HIGH	RI	38.7							38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-013	RED WATER ASH BURIAL 2 SWMU 49	HIGH	RI	20.1						78.6		closure documentation for SWMUs 49
RAAP-014	PROPELLANT BURNING ASH DISPOSAL AREA	HIGH	RI	655.1								RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 54		RD	700.,	49.7							design for excavation and disposal of 1675 cy of haz waste soil
	3 W M O 3 4		RAC				1,243.8					excavation and disposal of 1675 cy of haz waste soil
	The second secon		LIFM				25.3	44.5	11,1	22.2	2,051.7	3 wells, quarterly the first year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-016	WASTEWATER PONDS FROM PROPELLANT INCINERATOR	HIGH	RJ	214.7								RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 39		RD					46.2				design for excavation and disposal of haz waste soil
			RAC						1,855.0			Approximately 7400 cy of soil will be excavated. It is anticipated that approximately 1800 cy of soil will be disposed as hazardous waste. The remaining soil will be disposed as appropriate.
			LTM	-					54,2	116.6	2,286.7	8 wells, sampled quarterly, then 8 wells annually thereafter.
RAAP-018	OILY WATER BURIAL AREA	HIGH	RI	214.7	7					- Lagran S		RFI/CMS activities
2 2 11 010	SWMU 48		RD			-	209.2			- II (I		design for excavation
			100									Approximately 23,703 will be excavated, but only 5000 cy of soil will be removed, transported and disposed as hazardous waste and the remainder
			RAC							5,242.7		will be disposed as appropriate.

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 PROGRAMMED COST TO COMPLETE

DSFRTS NUMBER	STIE DESCRIPTION	RRSF	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007+	SITE	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
	PROPELLANT BURIAL SWMU 46	LOW	LTM		38.7						38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-022	PONDS BY BLDS 4931, 4932 SWMU 57	LOW	LTM		38.7						38.7	closure documentation
RAAP-023	SANITARY LANDFILL NO. 2 SWMU 43	LOW	RI							199.1	199.1	RFI activities (soil and groundwater sampling to verify data results from VI
RAAP-024	LANDFILL NO. 3 SWMU 45	HIGH	RI				255.5				255.5	limited soil sampling and resampling of existing wells to confirm VI results
RAAP-025	CASO4 TREATMENT/ DISPOSAL AREA, SWMU 50	LOW	RI							78.6	78.6	closure documentation
RAAP-026	COAL ASH SETTLING LAGOONS, SWMU 31	HIGH	RI	103.7								limited soil, surface water and groundwater sampling to confirm VI results
RAAP-027	RUBBLE PILE, SWMU 58	MED	RI					204.5			204.5	soil sampling to confirm VI results
RAAP-028	BOTTOM ASH PILE	LOW	RI			573.4						RFI/CMS activities
	SWMU 59		RD				86.0					design for excavation and disposal of 3700 cy of haz waste soil
			RAC							3,453.3		excavation and disposal of 3700 cy of haz waste soil
			LTM				1 11			139.2	4,251.9	6 wells, quarterly for one year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-031	CASO4 TREATMENT/ DISPOSAL AREA, AREA Q	LOW	RI							230.0	230.0	RFI activities (soil and groundwater sampling to verify data results from VI)
RAAP-033	CHROMIC ACID TREATMENT TANKS SWMU 68	HIGH	RI		8.0						8.0	site screening/closure documentation
RAAP-037	BATTERY STORAGE AREA AREA P	LOW	RI							435.1		RFI/CMS (soil and groundwater sampling; includes well installation, but Radford is considering hydropunch method)
			RD							7.0		design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx. 100 cy of haz waste soil
			RAC							159.8	601.9	removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil
RAAP-038	UNDERGROUND FUEL OIL SPILL	HIGH	RI				209.8					RFI/CMS
	AREA O		RD					68.0		W. C. W.		design for soil excavation and air sparge system
			RAC						1,034.1			The assumed remedial action for soil is removal and disposal of approximatley 500cy. Groundwater remedial action is assumed to be air sparging.
			LTM							232.7	1,544.6	3 wells, quarterly the first year, then annually thereafter
RAAP-039	HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL	HIGH	RFI	122.0	122.0	122.0	729.1					Periodic GW monitoring for the first 3 years; 4th year will perform RFI.
	HWMU 16		LTM					122.0	122.0	2,276.0	3,615.1	LTM, 20 wells, quarterly for 10 years, then semi-annually for 20 yrs (explosives and VOCs)
RAAP-040	FORMER LEAD FURNACE AREA	HIGH	RFI		78.6			s - 153			78.6	closure documentation
RAAP-041	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #4, HWMU 4	HIGH	LTM	122.0	122.0	122.0	122.0	122.0			610.0	10 wells, quarterly for 5 years
RAAP-042	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #5, HWMU 5	HIGH	RD	122.0	122.0	139.4						\$17.4K for the design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122 for GW sampling (10 wells quarterly)
			RA(C)				246.4					\$124.6K for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122K for GW sampling
			LTM					122.0	122.0		222	10 wells, quarterly

RADFORD ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT - 2001 PROGRAMMED COST TO COMPLETE

DSERTS NUMBER	SHE DESCRIPTION	RRSE	PHASE	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 -	SITE TOTAL	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
RAAP-043	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT #7, HWMU 7	нібн	RD	122.0	139.4							\$17.4K for the design for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122 for GW sampling (10 wells quarterly)
			RA(C)			246.4						\$124.6K for removal, transportation and disposal of approx.100 cy of haz waste soil; \$122K for GW sampling
	An array areas are a second		LTM				122.0	122.0			751.8	10 wells, quarterly
RAAP-044	NEW RIVER UNIT	HIGH	RI	795.9								RFI/CMS activities
			RD						132.1			design for excavation and disposal of approx, 9100cy, with 2700cy disposed as haz waste for the Northern Burning Area
			RAC							4,070.4	4,998.4	excavation and disposal of approx. 9100cy, with 2700cy disposed as haz waste
RAAP-045	BLDG 4343 HIG	HIGH	RI	1		384.7						RFI/CMS activities
			RD				32.6					design for excavation and disposal of approx. 450cy disposed as haz waste
			RAC				She -	545.6				excavation and disposal of approx. 450cy disposed as haz waste
			LTM					31.3	53.7	30.3	1,078.2	6 wells, quarterly for one year, then 3 wells annually thereafter
			TOTAL:	2,775.8	2,159.0	1,587.9	3,416.3	4,085.9	5,190.5	24,197.6	43,413.0	

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

The surrounding community for Radford AAP included the counties of Montgomery (Pop. 73,913), Pulaski (Pop. 34,496), Floyd (Pop. 12,005), Giles (Pop. 16,366) and the City of Radford (Pop. 15,940).

In February 1995 and January 1998 we conducted surveys to determine if enough community interest existed to sustain a Restoration Advisory Board.

February 1995 and January 1998, RFAAP with the assistance of the US Army Environmental Center conducted community interviews with residents of the surrounding counties and city, and placed two newspaper advertisements soliciting community members to volunteer for RAB positions. In June 1998, RFAAP held a public meeting to share information about the RFAAP cleanup program and about forming a RAB. August 1998, RFAAP held first RAB style meeting in which the Community Co-chair person was selected. In September 1999, an information repository was established at the Montgomery Floyd Regional Library, Christiansburg Branch consistent with RAB recommendation.

RAB activities to date have included bi-monthly meetings with regulators present, plant tours, and project and program status briefings.

RFAAP is committed to involving the public in the restoration program and will do all we can to make it a success.

DEFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM

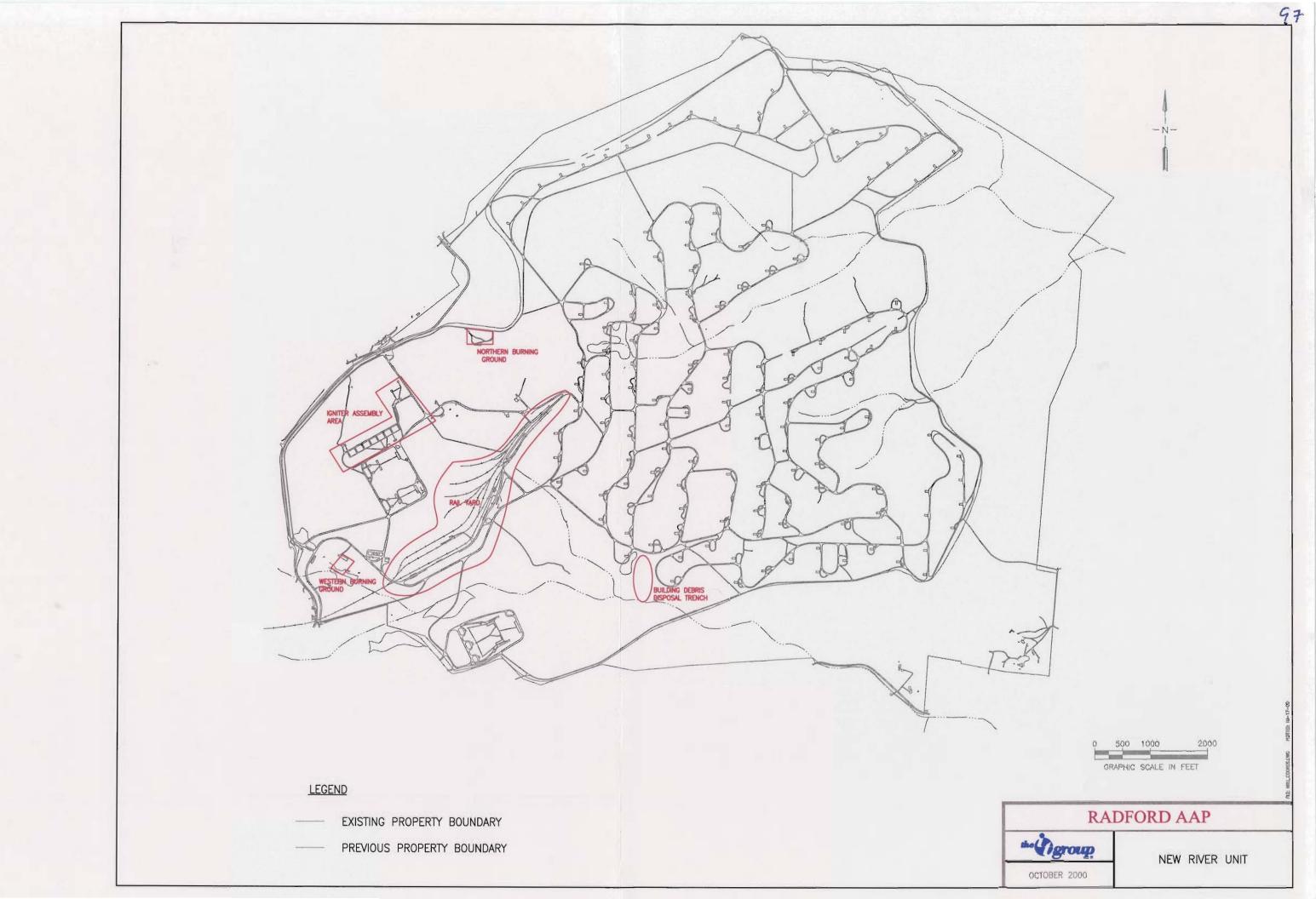
10/23/2000

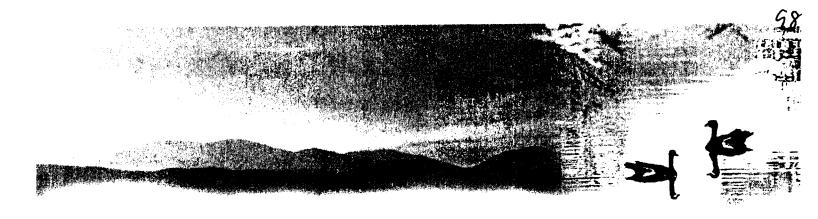
Completion Date

Installation, 7. RAB REPORT		10/23/2000
Command: AMC Installation: RADFORD AAP	SubCommand: OSC	
RAB Established Date: RAB Adjourned Date:	199807 Reason RAB Not Establish: Reason RAB Adjourned:	
TRC Date:		
RAB Community Members:		Total RAB Community Members: 7
Business Community		
RAB Government Members:		Total RAB Government Members: 7
Environmental Protection Agency		
RAB Activities:		
Advice On Scope/Sch Studies/Cleanup		
RAB Advice		
Remedy Selection		
TAPP Application Approval Date:		
TAPP Project Title:		09/30/2000
TAPP Project Description:		
	Purchase Order	

Award Date

Award Number





Welcome to the Installation Action Plan Workshop for 2002 - Radford Army Ammunition Plant

Wednesday & Thursday, May 16-17, 2001

Please sign in ...

Name ————————	Organization	Phone/Fax	E-mail address
Katie Watson	IRP Support	(865) 925-1273 phone (865) 922-5526 fax	kwatsonengenv@mindspring.com
Kathy Hayes	IRP Support	(865) 687-4204 phone fax same # (notify first)	krex@hayesfoundation.com
Jerry Redder	AAPC	540639753L 54063972/4	Jerome_Redder @ 4TK, Com
John Tesner	USACE- Balte District	410-962-6732	John, e. tesner Qusace army in 1
Tony Spaar		309-782-2035 309-782-1379	SpaarT@osc,army, mil
Jim Mc Kenna	736	540-639-8611 540-639-8635	Jim McKenna ATK. com
SharonWil	CON UDEQ	804-698-4143 804-698-4383	SSWILL ON QUEA. STATE. VA
PETE RISSELL	ARMY ENVRONMENTAL	410 436 1603 410 436 1635	peter rissella aec, apgea. army, mil
Sher Zaman	USACE Bullianic District	410 962 3134 410 962 2318	Sher Zaman @ nabo 2 socie army.
EOB THOMSON	US EPA REGION III	215-814-3357	thomson bob lepa, gov
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Radford Army Ammunition Plant

IAP WORKSHOP

16-18 May 2001

Site Description

- Government-owned, contractor operated (GOCO) military installation.
- Construction of RFAAP began in 1940.
- Supplies to the Armed Forces.
- Made up of two areas:
- (1) Main Manufacturing Area (includes the Horseshoe)
- (2) New River Unit, located six miles west near Dublin, VA.

Status

- October 2000 EPA Region III RCRA Corrective Action Permit (Original permit issued in 1989)
- Current Permit is the Basis for this IAP & CTC
- 2000 permit identifies 31 Site Screening Areas (SSAs) and
 9 Miscellaneous Units (MU's) for screening
- A Site Screening Protocol (SSP) is being negotiated with EPA for the 31 SSA's and 9 MU's.
 - Army and EPA have traded draft SSPs
 - Finalization of the SSP is expected shortly

General Site Overview

PRINCIPLE CHEMICALS OF CONCERN:

Explosives, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Sediment, Groundwater

GEOLOGY:

Karst

Site Summary

TOTAL NUMBER OF DSERTS SITES:

44

SITE TYPES:

Landfills/Disposal Areas

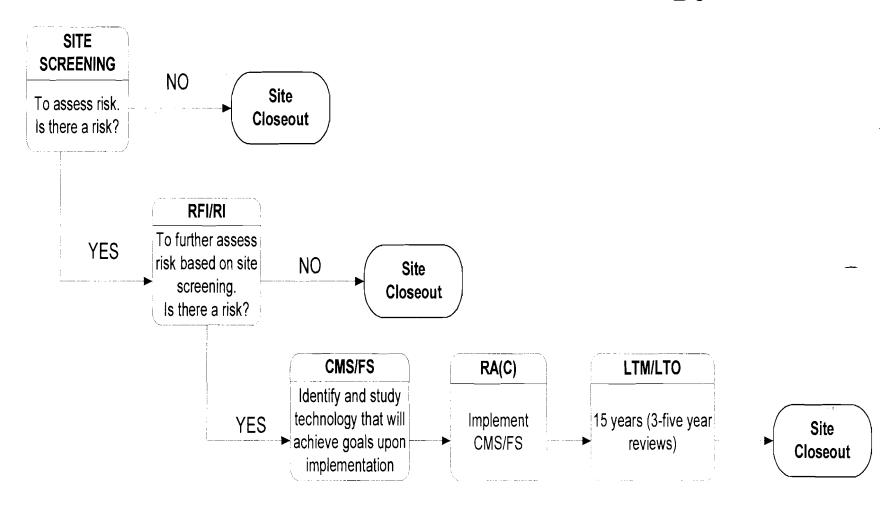
Burning Grounds

Lagoons/Ponds

Overall Site Strategy

- SCREEN NEW AND EXISTING DATA VERSUS RBCs AND RFAAP-SPECIFIC BACKGROUND
- PERFORM RFI/RI
 - Perform Quantitative BLRA (as needed)
- PERFORM CMS/FS (as needed)
- DESIGN REMEDY (as needed)
- IMPLEMENT REMEDY (as needed)
- CLOSEOUT DOCUMENTATION

Overall Site Exit Strategy



Assumptions Inherent in CTC for RFI/CMS & RI/FS

RFI/RI includes:

- Scoping
- Site Characterization (Soil and Groundwater)
- Monitoring Wells
- Sampling and analysis (TCL/TAL, explosives)
- Risk Assessment

CMS/FS includes:

• Evaluate Corrective Measure Technologies

Assumptions Inherent in CTC for RA(C)

- Soil Excavations 14 Sites
 Source removal is considered by subject matter experts to be the most effective remedial technique in karst geology for soil AND groundwater
- Capping 2 Sites
- Air Sparging 1 site (RAAP 38).
- LTM 14 sites

Karst Considerations

- Karst sites often require seasonal multi-year study efforts
- Soil and Groundwater investigations proceed at different paces
- RA(C) for soil and groundwater may also proceed separately
- This may require funding to carryover to succeeding FY's in order to complete a phase

Innovative Technology (IT) Options

• Considered for each site requiring RA(C)

Soil Flushing/Washing

SVE/Air Sparging

Land Farming

Incineration

- Karst geology and physical space limitations make IT technically or fiscally impracticable
- Available site data is insufficient to fully evaluate
- Will be re-evaluated as sites progress

Correlation of RACER Estimates with Actual Awards

Project Title (FY)

Contract No./Task Order RACER IGE

A/E Bid

Neg. Bid

SWMU 54 RFI/CMS, Master WP, & SWMU 6 Closure @ RFAAP (FY 01)

DACA31-00-D-0011/027

\$579,318

\$625,458

\$625,458

SWMU 40/71 RFI/CMS @ RFAAP (FY 01)

DACA31-00-D-0011/023

\$491,846

\$494,902

\$494,902

Soil Sampling @ SWMU 6 @ RFAAP (FY 00)

DACA31-00-D-0011/018

\$88,715

\$90,816

\$87,561

1	Site Name	Phase Name	Tot Req(\$K)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015+</u>	Tot Prog	
No. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	RAAP-001	SI	0) (0	0	0	0	0		0			0		0	0			Approx 900 c.y. of contaminated soil will be excepted from the site and transported to Pinewood
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Section Sect			0		0	0	0	0	0	0	_0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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Part			224.5	-) 0	0	0	0	224.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Section Sect			224.3				0	0	224.5	0	0	0	0	- 0		0	0	0	224.5	
MANAGO M			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0			0	0	0	0	
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MAPPOR S			0	- ·	1 0	O)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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BAAP-969			0																0	
MAAPON M			0																0	
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MAA-906 ITM			0		-														0	
RAA-907 BL RAA-908 BL			0					-			 -								- 0	
NAM-907 RL			0								 +	+							0	
RAAP-907 RC	RAAP-007	SI	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0		0	
MAAP-907 RAC			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
RAAP-07 RAAP-08 RAAP			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-007 ITM			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-008 S1			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-008 RI			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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RAAP-010 RAC 1431.2 0 0 0 1431.2 0 0 0 0 0 1431.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RAAP-010 R	RD		0	0	0	27.2	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0		
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SAMPAN S			0	0	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	See comments for RAAP 18.
MAGNICAN Magnic		7	8.6	0	0	0	0	(0 0	0	78.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78.6	
May May			0	0	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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BAM-96			0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Approx. 1675 c.y. of contaminated soil will be excavated from the site and transported to Pinewood, S.C.
BAMMO		65	5.1 6:	55.1	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
MAMPHILE MAMP		4	9.7	0	49.7	0	0:	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49.7	HW and will require stabilization. Disposal fee is assumed to be \$250.00/cy and state tax/fee is
RAMPHI MO		124	3.8	0	0	0	1243.8	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
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RAAPHS S	RAAP-014 LTM	10:	3.1	0	0	0	25.3	44.5	5 11.1	11.1	11.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103.1	
NAM-975 10	RAAP-014 IRA		0.0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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RAAP-016 RAC 1885 0		_		14./	0	0	0		0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0		
RAAP-016 [RAC 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				-0	0	0	0	46.2	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0			
MAAP-016 ITM		18	22	0	0	0	0	· ·	1855	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1855	
RAAP-017 RA	RAAP-016 KAU		0	- 0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-017 St.		170	0.8	-0		0	0	0	54.2	84.8	10.6	10.6	10.6	0	0	0	0	0	170.8	at this site. Wells will be sampled quarterly in year one and sampled once a year thereafter.
RAAP-017 RI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		-	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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RAAP-017 RAC 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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RAAP-017 ITM			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-018 RAAP-018 RI 214.7 214.7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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RAAP-018 RAO 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RAAP-018 RAC		$\overline{}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	5242.7	n	0	n	0	n	n	n	n n		
RAAP-018 LTM	RAAP-018 RAO		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	n	n	n	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-018 IRA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RAAP-018 LTM	179	.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	54.7	84.4	13.5	13.5	13.5	0	0	0	0	179.6	
RAAP-019 SI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		1	0	0	ol	0	0) 0	0	0	13.3	13.3	15.5	<u> </u>	1	0	0	113.0 A	and the state of the samples quartery in year one and samples once a year dicteditor.
RAAP-019 RI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		1	0	n	n	0	ν		۸	۸	۸		v.		^	, ,	0		م	
RAAP-019 RD 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0	7	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	- 0	0	0	1 2	0	0	0	0		-	0	0		0	
RAAP-019 RAC 0		+	1	0	<u> </u>	- 0	- 0	- 0	1 0	0	0	٥	- 0	0	0	0	0		0	
RAAP-019 RAO 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		+-	-	0	- 0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
RAAP-019 LTM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u></u> —−⁰	0	0		0	
		+	0	υ ^	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
גיסטב-מוא וויאס ון יין טן		+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
	CAAP-019 IRA	1	이	0	0	0	0	0	이	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ļ	0	

Site Name Phase Name	Tot Reg(\$K) 2001	2002 2003	2004 2005 20	2007 200	2000 20	10 2011	2012 2012	2024	20.2	m . n	
RAAP-020 SI	10t Red(\$K) 2001	2002 2003	2004 2005 20	2007 200	8 2009 20	10 2011	2012 2013	2014	2015+	Tot Prog	
RAAP-020 RI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-020 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-020 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-020 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-020 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-020 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-021 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		
RAAP-021 RI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	NFA is recommended at this time. However, funding is allocated
RAAP-021 RD	38.7 0	38.7 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	38.7	to resolve any outstanding issues at the site.
RAAP-021 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-021 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-021 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-021 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-022 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	NFA is recommended at this time. However, funding is allocated
RAAP-022 RI	38.7 0	38.7 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	38.7	to resolve any outstanding issues at the site.
RAAP-022 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-022 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	00	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-022 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-022 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 (0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-022 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 (0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-023 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	An RFI is proposed to verify NFA.
RAAP-023 RI	199.1 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 199.1	0	0 0	0 0	199.1	0	199.1	
RAAP-023 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-023 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-023 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-023 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-023 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-024 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	An RFI is proposed to verify NFA.
RAAP-024 RI	255.5 0	0 0 2	55.5 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	255.5	
RAAP-024 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-024 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-024 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-024 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-024 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-025 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	SWMU 50 is addressed in conjunction with SWMU 48. However, funding is allocated for closure report.
RAAP-025 RI	78.6 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 78.6	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	78.6	See comments for RAAP 18.
RAAP-025 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	Control of the Contro
RAAP-025 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-025 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-025 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-025 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-026 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	It is anticipated that further characterization of this =1 acre site through the RFI/CMS process
RAAP-026 RI	103.7 103.7	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		will result in no further action for this site where initially a RAC had been proposed.
RAAP-026 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	, and the proposed
RAAP-026 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-026 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	Ō	
RAAP-026 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-026 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-027 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	An RFI is proposed for this ~1 acre Rubble Pile to verify NFA.
RAAP-027 RI	204.5 0	0 0	0 204.5	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	204.5	The state of the s
RAAP-027 RD	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-027 RAC	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-027 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-027 LTM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-027 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	
RAAP-028 SI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	Approx. 3,703 c.y. of contaminated soil will be excavated from the site and transported to Pinewood, S.C.
RAAP-028 RI	573.4 0	0 573.4	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		for disposal. Distance to off-site facility is 250 miles each way. The waste is assumed to be HW and will
RAAP-028 RD	86 0	0 0	86 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		require stabilization. Disposal fee is assumed to be \$250.00/cy and state tax/fee is \$39.00/cy. 185 samples will
RAAP-028 RAC	3453.3 0	0 0	0 0	3453.3 3453.3	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		be taken for monitoring and disposal analysis from the excavated soil.
RAAP-028 RAO	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0		Three wells will be installed in addition to the existing 3 wells at the site. LTM is planned for 5 years at
RAAP-028 LTM	139.2 0	0 0	0 0	0 42.8	70 8.	8 8.8	8.8 0	0	0		this site. Wells will be sampled quarterly in year one and sampled once a year thereafter.
RAAP-028 IRA	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 42.8	0.00	0.0	0 0	0	0	139.2	uno site. Heno with de sampled quarterly in year one and sampled once a year thereafter.
'	· 1 *1	.1 vI	7 4		0.00	4	ol ol	U	of	0 L	

Site Name	Phase Name	Tot Reg(\$K)	2001	2002	2 200	03 200-	4 200:	5 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015+	Tot Prog	
RAAP-029		0	() (0	0	0	0 0) (0	0	0	0	0	0	2014	0	1011102	
RAAP-029	RI	0	0		0	0	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-029		0	C		0	0	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-029		0	C) (0	0	0	0 0) (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RAO	0	C	(0	0	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	LTM	0	0		0	0	0	0 0) (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	IRA	0	0	()	0 () (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-030		0	0)	0 () (0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RI	0	0)	0 () (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RD	0	0	()	0 () (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RAC	0	0	()	0 () (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RAO	0	0	0)	0 (0 0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	LTM	0	0	C)	0 (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-030		0	0	C)	0 (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-031		0	0	0)	0 () (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	An RFI is proposed to verify NFA.
	RI	230	0	0)	0 () (0 0	0	230	0	230	0	0	0	0	0	230	
	RD	0	0	0)	0 (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RAC RAO	0	0	0		0 (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	LTM	0	0	0	,	0 (0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-031 I		0	0	0		0 (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-031 S		0	0	0		0 ((0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-033 I		0	0	0		0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Site Screening/Closure documentation
RAAP-033 F		8	0	8		0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
RAAP-033 F		0	0	0		0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-033 F		0	0	0		0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-033 I		0	0	0		0 0) 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-033 I		0	0	0		0 0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RAAP-037 S		0	0	0		0 0) 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Approx. 100 c.y. of soil will be excavated from the site and transported to Pinewood, S.C. for disposal.
RAAP-037 F		435.1	0	0		0 0		0 0	0	435.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	425.1	Distance to off-site facility is 250 miles each way. The waste is assumed to be HW and will
RAAP-037 F		7	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	7.0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0		require stabilization. Disposal fee is \$250.00/cy and state tax/fee is \$39.00/cy.
RAAP-037 F	RAC	159.8	0	0		0 0	0	0 0	0	159.8	0	159.8	0	0	0	0	0	159.8	require stabilization, Disposaritee is \$250.00/ey and state tax/ree is \$55.00/ey.
AAP-037 F	RAO	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-037 L	LTM	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-037 I	IRA	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-038 S	SI	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Approx. 500 c.y. of contaminated soil will require transportation to Pinewood, S.C. for disposal.
AAP-038 R	RI	209.8	0	0	(209.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Distance to off-site facility is 250 miles each way. The waste will require stabilization. Disposal fee
AAP-038 R	RD	68	0	0	(0.0	68.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		is \$250.00/cy and state tax/fee is \$39.00/cy.
AAP-038 R	RAC	1034.1	.0	0	(0 0	0	1,034.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Air Sparging method will be used to remove petroleum contaminated product from the groundwater.
AAP-038 R	RAO	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		It is estimated that the surface area of contamination is 65,500 SF.
AAP-038 L		232.7	0	0	(0 0	0	0	20.2	32.1	14.5	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	117.4		Two wells will be installed in addition to the existing well at the site. Wells will be sampled quarterly in year
AAP-038		0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		one and sampled once a year, thereafter. It will be evaluated every five years and estimated to stop in 2020.
AAP-039 S		0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Proposed effort is to provide periodic GW monitoring for the first 3 years and perform a RFI in the
AAP-039 R		1095.1	122	122	122	729.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		4th year.
AAP-039 R		0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LTM is planned for 10 years at this site. Wells will be sampled quarterly for 10 yrs.
AAP-039 R	RAC	0	-0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	and semi-annually, thereafter.
AAP-039 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-039 L		2520.0	0	0	C	0	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	1300.0	2520	
AAP-039 II		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-040 S		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		NFA is recommended at this time. However, funding is allocated
AAP-040 R		78.6	0	78.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78.6	to resolve any outstanding issues at the site.
AAP-040 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-040 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-040 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-040 L		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-040 II		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-041 S		0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Long Term Monitoring is planned for 5 years at this site. Wells will be sampled quarterly.
AAP-041 R		. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		RFAAP has submitted formal request to discontinue monitoring as of Sept. 2000. No response from VADEQ.
AAP-041 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		A new, yet to be issued permit that will contain an exit strategy for LTM at RAAP-41, 42, & 43. Expect
AAP-041 R		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	final permit in Jan. 2002.
AAP-041 R		0	122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAD AAT IV	1.0/1	61001	1221	122	122	122	122		0	0	0	0	01	0		0		(10	
AAP-041 L AAP-041 IF		610.0	122	122	122	122	122	U	0		U	- 0	0	0	0	- 0	- 0	610	

ite Name	Phase Name	Tot Req(\$K)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015+	Tot Prog	
AAP-042	SI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Proposed effort is to provide for clean closure of this site through the site screening process. Additional RAC
AAP-042	RI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		effort is to provided to remove approx 100 c.y. of soil and dispose as hazardous waste. LTM is anticipated for
AAP-042	RD	383.4	122	222	139.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		5 additional years once source removal has been achieved.
AAP-042		246.4	0	0	246.4	246.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0		A new, yet to be issued permit that will contain an exit strategy for LTM at RAAP-41, 42, & 43. Expect
AAP-042	ALC: THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO PE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		final permit in Jan, 2002.
AAP-042		244.0	0	0	0	122	122	122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	244	Need additional \$100K in FY 02.
AAP-042	IRA	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AAP-043	SI	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Proposed effort is to provide for clean closure of this site through the site screening process. Additional RAC
AP-043	RI	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	0		effort is to provided to remove approx 100 c.y. of soil and dispose as hazardous waste. LTM is anticipated for
AP-043	RD	261.4	122	222	139.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		5 additional years once source removal has been achieved.
AP-043	RAC	246.4	0	0	246.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		A new, yet to be issued permit that will contain an exit strategy for LTM at RAAP-41, 42, & 43. Expect
AP-043	RAO	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		final permit in Jan, 2002.
AP-043	LTM	244.0	0	0	0	122	122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Need additional \$100K in FY 02.
AP-043	IRA	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AP-044	SI	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Approx. 9,100 c.y. of soil will be excavated. It is estimated that 2,700 c.y. of the excavated soil is contaminated
AP-044	RI	795.9	795.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	795 9	and will require transportation to Pinewood, S.C. for disposal. Distance to off-site facility is 250 miles each way.
AP-044	RD	132.1	0	0	0	0	0	132.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		The waste is assumed to be HW and will require stabilization. Disposal fee is assumed to be \$250.00/cy and
AP-044	RAC	4070.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,070.4	4070.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		state tax/fee is \$39.00/cy. 136 samples will be taken for monitoring and disposal analysis from the excavated soil.
AP-044	RAO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	sate and too is 457.5075y. 150 samples will be taken for monitoring and disposal analysis from the executated soli.
AP-044	LTM	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AP-044	IRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AP-045	SI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ô	Approx. 450 c.y. of contaminated soil will be excavated from the site and transported to Pinewood, S.C. for
AP-045	RI	384.7	0	0	384.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	384.7	disposal. Distance to off-site facility is 250 miles each way. The waste is assumed to be hazardous waste and
AP-045	RD	32.6	0	0	0	32.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		will require stabilization. Disposal fee is assumed to be \$250.00/cy and state tax/fee is \$39.00/cy. 22 samples
AP-045	RAC	545.6	0	0	0	0	545.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		will be taken for monitoring and disposal analysis from the excavated soil.
AP-045	RAO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		Three wells will be installed in addition to the existing 3 wells at the site. LTM is planned for 5 years
AP-045	LTM	115.3	0	0	0	0	31.3	53.7	10.1	10.1	10.1	,	0	0	0	0	0		at this site. Wells will be sampled quarterly in year one and sampled once a year thereafter.
AP-045	IRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	at this site. Wens with the sampled quarterly in year one and sampled once a year mercanter.
		43413.0	2775.8	2341.6	1973.7	3291.9	4085.9	5068.5	9710.8	10254.1	361,2	255,4	244.8	231.3	222.5	189.6	2727.9	43735.0	